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BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF HARRY A. BEATTY

By OLIVER C. SKOY

Harry A. Beatty was born on St. Croix, January 10, 1903.: He received his early training in natural science on his father's sugar cane plantation. an interest which matured with the years into a vocation. The first rudiments of an education were received by him from a private instructor and later he entered the Richmond High School; graduating in 1918. By that time he had brought together a sizable collection of insects, birds and eggs. In 1919 he attended the Mount Hermon School in Massachusetts, majoring in zoology. However, his studies at Mount Hermon were never completed, as he had to return home after his second year on account of financial difficulties.

Beatty's interest in natural history never lagged for a moment. In 1924 he was at Guánica, Puerto Rico, working in sugar cane cultivation, and he improved every opportunity for observation on the bird life of the region. It was during these ramblings that he made the acquaintance of Dr. Stuart T. Danforth who encouraged him to publish his notes on the birds of St. Croix, and later on the birds of Guánica Lagoon. He was sent to the Dominican Republic in 1925 where he made extensive observations on the bird life inhabiting the jungles and the savannahs around La Romana, and making frequent short excursions into the interior of that Island, when opportunity permitted.

He returned to St. Croix in 1929 and a few months later was in New York, studying medical entomology under a Professor of Medicine who was associated with Columbia University. He again returned to St. Croix in 1933, this time to enter the Department of Health as supervisor and biologist on a malaria and filaria research and control project. This involved extensive field and laboratory work with mosquitos, rearing and dissecting the infected insects.

Although preoccupied with these studies he always found time for investigations in other fields, and the discovery that several species of native birds harbored filaria parasites followed. Beatty's researches received the attention of Professor O'Connor, of Columbia University, and Professor Augustine, of Harvard Medical School; and in 1935 Dr. O'Connor spent the winter working with him, returning again in the summer of 1936 accompanied by Dr. Augustine. The results of these joint investigations were published as short papers in leading medical journals.

At the time little was known of the fresh water fishes and the mollusca. and extensive collecting was undertaken; the latter receiving special attention to determine their status among disease carriers. His interest in the birds of the islands received priority among his pet avocations. His paper on the birds of St. Croix was published in 1930, and later his notes on the birds of Guánica Lagoon appeared. Since then many interesting short papers in natural science, particularly in the Virgin Islands, have been published and there is promise of many others to follow.

In 1937 he went to Venezuela on the Weber expedition, collecting some birds, but he was particularly interested in searching for blood parasites. He made a collection of skeletal material for the United States National Museum. The following year saw him engaged in short excursions to St. Thomas and St. John, and for two summers he made observations on the pelagic breeding birds of the Virgin Islands, establishing new records and extending the range of several species.

In 1941 Beatty left the Department of Health to work with the Virgin Islands Wildlife Research and Restoration Project, a transfer which took him on a two-months study tour of several of the large game reservations in the United States. He held the post as supervisor and biologist of the project, until August 1944. Then Beatty went to Mona Island, remaining there for six weeks while making extensive collections of birds, insects, mollusca, and crustacea and some plants. In this journey he spent one week in the Luquillo Mountains of Puerto Rico searching for crows and parrots before returning to St. Croix to prepare his manuscripts for publication.

He is an enthusiast of the 16 mm. movie camera and his color films of birds and insects are always entertaining. .

INTRODUCTION

The island of St. Croix lies between 17th and 19th parallels north latitude and 64° 10′ and 65° 30′ west longitude. The length is 21 miles while the breadth is at most 6 miles on the western end, tapering wedgelike to a point on the eastern end. The mountain system, extending the length of the island, runs parallel to the north coast and fans out on the south side to form an extensive plain which, roughly, takes in about one third of the island. The highest peak is in Mount Eagle, near the centre of the range, at 1165 feet. The radiating spurs, abutting the shore line, come together to form valleys culminating in numerous bays.

On the south side the lowlands are planted to sugar cane and pasture lands. The western tip and eastern one third of the island are covered mainly with a semi-xerophytic type of vegetation, with dense thickets of organ cactus and bull cactus predominating. Of the original forests, which clothed the Island during an earlier era, only small pockets in the less accessible valleys have survived the onslaught, and there is some natural reforestation taking place where the second growth is reclaiming at a rapid rate large tracts of land which formerly were utilized for agricultural development.

The precipitation varies greatly from year to year, it being anywhere from 30 inches to 90 inches. Much of the rainfall finds its way into the sea but there are five quite large depressions along the coast, that become water holding areas, supporting a variety of bird and insect life. However, during drought years these so-called ponds turn into dust bowls. The

few mangrove swamps on the Island are quite extensive.

The rainfall averages 46 inches annually, having a remarkable distribution over such a small land mass. The eastern one third receives approximately one half as much of the normal rainfall as the remainder of the Island and; therefore, has no permanent streams nor surface springs. The remaining portion of the Island is seamed with numerous streamways, although only a few of them maintain running water throughout the year.

The temperature is uniform; the daily and yearly fluctuations being gradual, and therefore, not marked. There is, however, a decided cooling off in temperature toward nightfall, which in the winter months can become quite cold. The average maximum on record is 92° and the minimum 59° with slight variations in either direction during some years. The humidity is not constant as there is not sufficient stored surface moisture to maintain it. During the dry seasons the evaporation rate is comparatively high, insects become inactive, and it would appear that there is no seasonal timetable for reproduction.

The short rain season comes in April-May, bringing with it the first burst of new foliage, and masses of flowers and winged insects begin swarming at dusk. The heavy rainfall occurs from October until January and many plants bloom a second time. Insects swarm again, following a rest period, and many species assume pest proportions.

The material upon which the present report is based was collected by the writer during the period from 1934 to 1945 and deposited in several institutions of scientific research. Much care was given to the preparation of the papers. The scientific nomenclature brought up-to-date in so far as has been made possible by existing limitations and although some slight discrepancies are sure to turn up, it is believed that on the whole, the publication of these papers without further delay should be undertaken; its value enhanced by the knowledge that no general treatise has appeared in print hitherto. It especially is in recognition of this latter circumstance that the task of accumulating the material was undertaken.

In the past there have been occasional short papers which discuss the various St. Croix faunas, but a relatively small portion of this literature is based upon study of extensive material, and, in fact, deals with odds and ends of insect material picked up by wandering naturalists. St. Croix seems always to be taken for granted and never seriously considered as an important integral part in any scientific survey of the Greater Antilles. To mammalogists it comes as a surprise to learn of the presence of a species of deer on the island, and that it occurs there abundantly. Ledru, in 1810, probably gave the earliest reference to the pelagic fauna, and in 1871 Cope discussed the ichthyology of St. Croix, but neither of these writers made mention of its fresh-water fishes.

The writer has already published on the "Birds of St. Croix" (Jour. Dept. Agr. P. R., 14(3): 135–150. Rio Piedras, August 1930), and, with my subsequent collections, this has been expanded by the late Dr. Stuart T. Danforth into a "Supplementary Account of the Birds of the Virgin Islands, with Notes on their Food Habits' together with a "List of Birds Known to Occur in the Virgin Islands" (Jour. Agr. U. P. R., 19(4): 439–72. Rio Piedras, December 1935). Chapman Grant in "The Growth of Herpetology in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands Area" (Jour. Dept. Agr. P. R., 16(4): 401–4. Rio Piedras, February 1933), lists all the reptiles from St. Croix.

THE ENDOPARASITES OF ST. CROIX, V. I.

BY HARRY A. BEATTY

St. Croix enjoys a phenomenal freedom from the innumerable types of endoparasites which prey upon the mammals of the world and for that reason a check-list is offered to give proper recognition of the prevalent forms. The various organisms came under the writer's observation and were studied during a period of research with the Department of Health from 1933 until 1941. The bulk of Cestoda was determined by H. L. Van Volkenberg and in each case the initials V. V. following the name is an indication of this.

THE PROTOZOA
SARCODINA (RHIZOPODA)
GYMNAMOEBIDA

- Endamoeba histolytica Intestines of man.
- 2 Endamoeba coli Intestines of man.

FLAGELLATA (MASTIGOPHORA)

MONOZOA

- 1 Trypanosoma lewisi Blood parasite of rat Rattus norvegicus.
- 2 Trichomonas humanis Intestines of man.
- 3 Trichomonas sp.
- 4 Chilomastix mesnili Intestines of man,

DIPLOZOA

1 Giardia lamblia
Intestines of man.

INFUSORIA (CILIATA)
HETEROTRICHIDA

1 Balantidium coli
Intestines of man and swine.

SPOROZOA

COCCIDIIDA

1 Isospora hominis
Intestines of man.

HAEMOSPORIDIA

1 Plasmodium vivax

Man.

2 Plasmodium malariae

Man.

3 Plasmodium falciparum

Man.

4 Haemoproteus sp.

Observed in the nucleated red blood corpuscles in the white-crowned pigeon Columba leucocephala.

5 Anaplasma marginale

In blood of cattle.

PLATYHELMINTHES

1 Fasciola hepatica

In cattle and sheep. Det. V. V.

2 Postharmostomum gallinum

Det. W. A. Hoffman. Eight specimens were recovered from the cecum of a turkey chick that was fourteen days old.

CESTODA

Dipylidium caninum
 Det. V. V. A common parasite in dogs.

2 Hymenolepis nana

From man.

3 Taenia solium From man.

4 Taenia saginata

From man.

5 Cystercercus tenuicollis

This is not an uncommon worm in sheep but of many hundreds of wild deer that I have examined I found this worm in two instances conly.

6 Monieza expansa

Det. V. V. Found in sheep and goats.

7 Anoplocephala perfoliata

Det. V. V. Found in horse.

NEMATHELMINTHES

NEMATODA

Strongyloides stercoralis
 Intestines of man.

2 Trichuris ovis

Det. V. V. In sheep.

3 Trichuris vulpis Det. V. V. In dogs.

4 Trichuris trichiura Intestines of man.

5 Ancylostoma caninum From dogs.

6 Necator americanus From man.

7 Oesophagostomum radiatum Det. V. V. From cattle.

8 Oesophagostomum columbianum Det. V. V. From sheep.

9 Trichostrongylus colubriformis Det. V. V. From sheep and goats.

10 Strongylus vulgaris

Det. V. V. From horses and mules.

11 Strongylus sp. Det. V. V. From horses and mules.

12 Bunostomum phlebotomum

Det. V. V. From cattle.

13 Bunostomum trigonocephalum

Det. V. V. From sheep and goats.

14 Crassisoma urosubulatum Det. V. V. From swine.

15 Stephanurus dentatus

Det. V. V. From swine.

Det. V. V. From swine

Det. V. V. From horses and mules.

17 Dictyocaulus viviparus Det. V. V. From cattle.

18 Heterakis gallinae From domestic fowl.

19 Enterobius vermicularis From man.

20 Oxyuris equi.

Det. V. V. From horses and mules.

21 Ascaris lumbricoides

From man.

22 Ascaris equorum

Det. V. V. From horses and mules.

23 Ascaris sp.

From rat Rattus rattus alexandrinus.

24 Ascaris sp.

From dove Zenaida aurita zenaida.

25 Ascaridia galli

Det. V. V. From turkey and fowl.

26 Toxocara canis

Det. V. V. From dogs.

27 Oxyspirura mansoni

From domestic fowls.

28 Wuchereria bancrofti Blood parasite of man.

29 Vagrifilaria columbigallinae

Blood parasite of ground dove (Columbigallina passerina nigrirostris).

30 Filariidae gen & sp.

Blood parasite of ani (Crotophaga ani).

31 Dirofilaria immitis

From dogs.

32 Onchocerca cervicalis Det. V. V. From cattle.

33 Setaria equina

Det. V. V. From horses and mules.

34 Trichinella spiralis From swine.

THE ARACHNIDA OF ST. CROIX, V. I.

By HARRY A. BEATTY

This check-list of the ectoparasites occurring on mammals, birds and reptiles of St. Croix, V. I., holds no pretense for completness but the material at hand is sufficiently representative to gain our interest, and especially is this true since the presence of these parasites have remained unrecorded from the island. All species mentioned here were taken off of their natural hosts and the determinations were made by H. E. Ewing, excepting the half-engorged nymphs of Amblyomma which were determined by C. N. Smith. This being the first reference to Amblyomma on St. Croix it may have arrived here quite recently, possibly from Antigua, B.W.I. where it is reported as common.

To encompass a complete faunal report on St. Croix it should be mentioned here that a large collection of spiders was sent to Elizabeth B. Bryant and her paper entitled "Notes on the Spiders of the Virgin Islands" appeared in the "Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology," Vol.

LXXXIX, No. 7, 1942.

Order ACARINA

Suborder Astigmata Sarcoptidae

- 1 Notoedres cati Hering Off domestic cat.
- 2 Cnemidocoptes sp.

Known as "scaly legs" of fowls.

3 Sarcoptes scabiei canis Gerlach

Off dog.

4 Psoroptes communis Furstenberg
Taken off cattle.

ANALGESIDAE

1 Analgesidae gen & sp.

Off Red-tailed Hawk (Buteo jamaicensis), and Bare-legged Owl (Otus nudives newtoni).

2 Analgesidae gen & sp.

Taken off Ani (Crotophaga ani), Mocker (Mimus polyglottos orpheus), Thrasher (Margarops f. fuscatus), Yellow warbler (Dendroica petechia cruciana).

3 Analgesidae gen & sp.

Taken off Oyster-catcher (Haematopus ostralegus palliatus).

4 Analgesidae gen & sp. Taken off Ground Dove (Columbigallina passerina nigrirostris), Hummingbird (Sericoles; h. holosericeus), Kingbird (Tyrannus d. dominicensis).

5 Eupterolichus sp.

Off Ani (Crotophaga ani).

6 Falculifer sp.

Off Scaled Pigeon (Columba squamosa).

7 Pterodectes sp.

Off Mocker (Mimus polyglottus orpheus).

Suborder Brachypoda

DEMODICIDAE

1 Demodex canis Leydig
Taken off dog.

CHEYLETIDAE

Cheyletus sp.
 Off domestic fowl.

Suborder Mesostigmata

DERMANYSSIDAE

1 Liponyssus bursa Berlese Off domestic fowl.

PARASITIDAE

1 Parasitidae gen & sp.

Taken off a beetle, Metamasius hemipterus.

2 Echinolaelaps echidninus Berlese Off gray Rat, Rattus rattus alexandrinus.

3 Periglischrus sp.

3 Periglischrus sp

Off leaf-nosed bat, Artibeus j. jamaicensis.

4 Gekobia. sp.

Taken from the abdomen of a gecko, Hemidactylus mabouia

5 Macrocheles sp.

Clustered about the thorax of beetle, Cerambycidae sp.

6 Galumna sp.

Collected from an old bird nest.

IXODIDAE

1 Ixodidae gen & sp.

Taken off Bat, Noctilio leporinus mastivus. Taken off Mongoose, Herpestes birmanicus.

2 Haemaphysalis chordeiles Packard

Taken off Wilson Plover (Charadrius wilsonia).

3 Dermacentor nitens Neumann

A common parasite of the Horse (Equus caballus) and Donkey (Equus asinus). Rarely found on the deer (Odocoileus virginianus).

4 Rhipicephalus sanguineus Latreille

Common parasite of dogs.

5 Boophilus annulatus microplus Canestrini

Abundant parasite of deer (Odocoileus virginianus), and cattle. Rare on sheep and goats.

6 Amblyomma sp.

Det. G. N. Smith. Nymph taken off man. May 1935.

THE INSECTS OF ST. CROIX, V. I.

BY HARRY A. BEATTY

A study of Orthoptera and Isoptera have considerable interest, not only in the presence of several undescribed forms, but especially in the absence of species otherwise quite common on neighboring islands. Lepidoptera has received scant attention from entomologists. Comstock records 33 forms of the suborder Rhopalocera in "Scientific Survey of Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands," Vol. XII, part 4. My collection adds 10 forms, most of them common, to his list, and questions the occurrence of Urbanus dorantes cramptoni on St. Croix as no specimens have been taken, while U. proteus is an extremely abundant form. The status and economic value of the parasitic Hymenoptera is badly in need of determination. Some field work has been revealing and several very interesting observations would indicate that parasitization of many forms, in the Orthoptera, Diptera and Lepidoptera for example, apparently maintain them at a low status that is of economic importance. The absence of fruit infecting species of Diptera is quite marked. There are no records of occurrence of fruit-flies, Anastrepha species, in nispero (Sapota achras), papaya (Carica papaya), guavas (Psidium guajava).

The capture of six specimens of a Reduviid of the *Triotoma* family is of importance, since it established the presence of a genus that is well known to medical science as the host to *Trypanosoma*, which is a blood parasite of man. A great amount of time was devoted to research on Diptera, in particular the *Culicidae* and certain other species which infest flesh wounds. So far, *Cochliomyia americana* has not been taken on St. Croix. The study of *Culicidae* centered around a malaria and filaria control project sponsored by the Department of Health: The writer was in charge of the work for eight years and considerable laboratory and clinical experimentation was

probed.

The writer devised a net which was extremely successful in capturing flying insects at dusk. By its use, many rare things were taken, and it will, no doubt, prove itself in other presumably well collected islands. The thing is simply a strong wire frame three feet long and one foot wide, fitted with a baggy fine-mesh netting, attached securely on the back of the seat and extended about one foot above the chauffeur's head on a topless roadster, also minus a windshield. Moving along at from five to ten miles per hour, at every half mile a stop was called and the catch collected, using a flash-light and aspirator; for speed is required to capture the active insects such as Staphylinidae.

THYSANURA .

Determinations by Ashley B. Gurney

1 Nicoletia sp.

Taken in rotting log, Jealousy streamway. April 1938.

2 Lepismatidae. Genus?

"Clearly a different genus to Nicoletia because of head shape and the presence of eyes." Taken in rotting stump, Jealousy streamway. April 1938.

3 Lepismatidae

Probably Nicoletia sp. "A somewhat unusual Thysanuran and apparently belongs to Nicoletia."

ORTHOPTERA

The following records are based on material determined by Ashley B. Gurney, and deposited in the U. S. National Museum.

FORFICULIDAE

1 Doru albipes F.

Under decomposing vegetable matter. May 1938.

2 Labia curvicauda Motschler

Taken at light. January 1936. Under decomposing vegetable matter. October 1936.

LABIDURIDAE

1 Euborellia plebeja Dohrn

Under rubbish heap. January 1939.

BLATTIDAE

1 Aglaopteryx n. sp.

Common in rotting stumps and under dry-scaling bark, in mats of dry vegetation draping over branches. May 1936.

2 Supella supellectilum Serville

A common species, at night on flowers of Calyptracordia alba. October 1936. Attracted by light to houses. February, November, December, 1937. Under rubbish heaps. In sugar cane straw. March 1938.

3 Cariblatta antiguensis S. & Z.

Common under heaps of rubbish. Attracted by light to houses. September 1936. On fruit of Calyptracordia alba and on leaves of Terminalia catappa. May & October, 1938.

4 Ichnoptera rufa DeGeer

Common under rubbish and on shrubbery at night. On fruit of Calyptracordia alba. April 1938.

5 Symploce bilabiata R. & H.

Common. Attracted by light to houses. Under rubbish. On shrubbery at night. On fruit of Calyptracordia alba. May and November, 1938.

6 Symploce hospes Perkins

Common. Under rubbish. On shrubbery at night. Attracted by light to houses. On fruit of Calyptracordia alba. May 1938.

7 Symploce n. sp.

Uncommon. Under rubbish and on shrubbery at night. May 1938.

8 Periplaneta americana Linn.

Very common in buildings. Ootheca parasitized by Tetrastichus hagenowi. 1935.

9 Periplaneta brunnea Burm.

Uncommon. In buildings. 1935.

10 Periplaneta australasiae F.

A common species in sugar cane fields and in woodlands, uncommon in buildings. 1935.

11 Eurycotis improcera Rehn

Common in rotting stumps, under scaling bark. 1935.

12 Leucophaea maderae F.

Not common. Local, in buildings. Feed on meat scraps and fruits. The ootheca is retained within the body of the female and the living nymphs extruded. 1935.

13 Pycnoscelus surinamensis Linn.

Common under rubbish. Frequently seen around chicken roosts feeding on droppings. Is host to the eye-worm, Oxyspirura mansoni.

· 14 Hemiblabera n. sp.

This species is confined to the arid, eastern end of the island where small colonies can be turned up under heaps of rubbish. Not common. Specimens taken at Tagus. 1935.

15 Plectoptera infulata R. & H.

Rare. Only five specimens taken from foliage of Lantana involucrata. Constitution Hill. February 1939.

16 Holocampsa nitidula F.

Rare. Only three specemens were taken from a cellar, Mt. Pleasant. January 1941. One specemen collected from a shrub, June 1941, at River.

MANTIDAE

1 Callimantis sp.

Specimens were taken on foliage of *Lantana involucrata*. Barren Spot. May 1937. Rare.

PHASMIDAE

1 Clonistria sp. Sept. 1937.

ACRIDIDAE (LOCUSTIDAE)

1 Schistocerca americana Drury

An uncommon locust. 1935.

- 2 Schistocerca columbina Thunberg Uncommon. 1935.
- 3 Scyllina (Plectrotettix) gregarius Saussure 1935.

TETTIGONIIDAE (LOCUSTIDAE)

- Neoconocephalus triops macropterus Redt. Common. September to Jan. 1935.
- 2 Neoconocephalus triops fuscostriatus Redt. Less common. 1935.
- 3 Heterecous sp. allied to dubius Caudell In rotting logs. November 1935.

GRYLLIDAE

1 Scapteriscus vicinus Scudder

Rare, four specimens were collected in backyard soil in Christiansted where fruits imported from Porto Rico are distributed and the species may have been brought in. 1939.

2 Anurogryllus muticus DeG. Common. July 1937.

3 Gryllus assimilis Fabr.

Uncommon. July 1937.

4 Orocharis sp.

Uncommon. In rotting branches. October 1937.

- 5 Orocharis sp. near saltator Uhler Rotting wood. October 1937.
- 6 Amphiacusta caraibea Saussure Common. October 1937.
- 7 Occanthus niveus DeG.

Common on weeds. November 1935.

ISOPTERA

The writer is grateful to T. E. Snyder and H. R. Johnston for determination of all species of termites. There seems to be no account given in the literature on the manner in which termite colonies go about enlarging their nests. I have watched this procedure on several occasions and give here a brief history. The work is done at night. Tiny holes one sixteenth of an inch and about one inch apart are cut through the outer shell of the nest and from these apertures a greater part of the entire colony of soldiers and workers emerge. At once the workers trail off in several directions in columns sometimes five and six abreast and so closely packed as to be treading on each other's heels. Once these trails are established the workers may be observed traveling in both directions; the heavy laden returning to the nest with material or supplies. At the nest construction goes ahead at an energetic pace. Before daylight is heralded each tiny hole has a roof and the nest is at least one cell larger in diameter.

KALOTERMITIDAE

1 Kalotermes (K) bequaerti Snyder

In a rotting log, near Crique streamway. April 1938. Det. H. R. J.

2 Kalotermes (K) snyderi Light

A small colony in a dry-rotting log, winged adults, Prosperity Garden. April 1938. Det. H. R. J.

3 Kalotermes (K) incisus Silv.

Workers and soldiers from a decaying log, Crique. September 1938. In a dry branch on the ground, Estate Fountain. January 1939. Det. H. R. J.

4 Kalotermes (Cryptotermes) cavifrons Banks

A small colony in a decaying mango stump (Mangifera indica), La Grange. March 1938. Det. H. R. J.

5 Kalotermes (Cryptotermes) brevis Walker

Winged adults taken at light. May 1938. Small colonies in woodwork and furniture. Det. T. E. S.

6 Kalotermes (Cryptotermes) sp.

Taken from rotting stump of *Hippomane mancinella*, South Gate Farm beach. April 1935. Det. T. E. S.

RHINOTERMITIDAE

1 Heterotermes convexinotatus Snyder

In a dry-rot pine board, tunnels on soil, Coakley Bay (semi-arid region). May 1938. Some workers and soldiers taken from be-

neath dry cattle droppings, Barren Spot. September 1940. Det.

2 Heterotermes sp.

Taken from a rotting stump, Prosperity Garden March 1938. Det. T. E. S.

TERMITIDAE

1 Nasutitermes (N) acajutlae Holmgren

Nest on Hippomane mancinella, Shoys, April 1938. In dry branch of Spondias mombin, Estate Collins, March 1938. Rotting stump of Cocoloba wrifera, Tagus. March 1938. Also taken on Green Cay Islet. Det. H. B. J.

2 Nasutitermes (N) costalis Holmgren

A small nest placed in a small tree. Three queens, macropterous and physogastric, were removed from a queen-cell. Crique. April 1938. Det. H. R. J.

3 Termes (T) panamaensis Snyder

Winged adults were taken at light. Constitution Hill. June 1938. Det. H. R. J.

4 Mirotermes n. sp.

Winged adults taken at light. Western suburbs of Christiansted. May 1935. Det. T. E. S.

EMBIDINA

OLIGOTOMIDAE

Determinations were made by Ashley B. Gurney. Specimens in the U.S.N.M.

1 Oligotoma saundersii Westwood (= 0. latreillei Rambur)

Taken under rubbish near Lower Love streamway. October 1940. Taken at light. Golden Grove. October 1939.

2 Oligotoma sp. taken at light, Golden Grove. October 1940.

OLIGEMBIIDAE

1 Oligembia brevicauda Ross

Taken under rubbish near Castle Burke streamway. August 1940. Endemic, TYPE "under rubbish", Lower Love, August 1940.

CORRODENTIA

Determinations by Ashley B. Gurney.

PSOCIDAE

- 1 Lachesilla pedicularia L.
- 2 Peripsocus sp.

MALLOPHAGA

PHILOPTERIDAE

1 Philopteridae gen & sp.

Taken off ground dove (Columbigallina passerina nigrirostris), thrasher (Margarops f. fuscatus), kingbird (Tyrannus d. dominicensis).

2 Lipeurus gallipavonis Geoffroy

Taken off turkey.

- 3 Lipeurus tropicalis Peters Off domestic fowl.
- 4 Lipeurus sp.

Off thrasher (Margarops f. fuscatus).

- 5 Goniodes dissimilis Nitzsch
 Taken off domestic fowls.
- 6 Goniodes meliagridis Linn.
- Off domestic turkey.

7 Goniodes numidae Mjoberg

- Taken off guinea-fowl (Numida meleagris galeata).
- 8 Esthiopterum crassicorne Scopoli

Taken off the Bahama pintail (Anas bahamensis).

9 Columbicola sp.

Off ground dove (Columbiyallina passerina nigrirostris), scaled pigeon (Columba squamosa).

10 Rallicola bisetosa Piaget

Off clapper rail (Rallus longirostris caribaeus).

11 Philopterus sp.

Off the ani (Crotophaga ani), thrasher (Margarops f. fuscatus).

12 Tricholoectes sp.

Off hummingbird (Sericotes h. holosericeus).

13 Physconelloides zenaidurae McGr.

Off ground dove (Columbigallina passerina nigrirostris), scaled pigeon (Columba squamosa).

14 Proctophylloides sp.

Off hummingbird (Sericotes h. holosericeus)

TRICHODECTIDAE

1 Felicola subrostrata Nitzsch

Taken off cat.

MENOPONIDAE

1 Menopon gallinae Linn.

Off domestic fowl.

2 Menopon numidae Giebel

Off guinea-fowl (Numida meleagris galeata).

3 Eomenacanthus stramineus Nitzsch Parasite on domestic fowls

4 Menacanthus sp.

Taken off ground dove (Columbigallina passerina nigrirostris).

5 Myrsidea incerta Kellogg

Off thrasher (Margarops f. fuscatus).

6 Trinoton querquedulae Linn.

Off Bahama pintail (Anas bahamensis).

7 Neocolpocephalum flavescens Nitzsch

Off red-tailed hawk (Buteo j. jamaicensis).

8 Colpocephalum sp.

Off ani (Crotophaga ani).

9 Colpocephalum sp.

Off domestic turkey.

Heterodoxus longitarsus Piaget
 Occasionally found on dogs. Det. J. C. Bequaert.

GYROPIDAE

1 Gyropus ovalis Nitzsch

Off guinea-pig (Cavia cobaya).

ODONATA*

The dragonfly material which has served as a basis for the present paper was brought together over a period of years. Finding and rearing nymphs was one feature that received much attention but did not yield any important results since all of the species thus obtained were sooner or later taken as adults by net. A representative collection of Odonata was sent to Clarence H. Kennedy and I am indebted to him for many of the determinations used in this paper.

Suborder ANISOPTERA

AESCHNIDAE

AESCHNINAE

1 Anax junius Drury

Uncommon. Taken at Orange Grove stream. January 1936. Crique Dam. November 1938. Rust-op-twist Pond. March 1941.

LIBELLULIDAE

LIBELLULINAE

2 Orthemis ferruginea F.

Common along streams and at ponds and watering troughs. 1936.

3 Perithemis domitia Drury Common on streams, 1936.

4 Micrathyria sp.

Adult taken at Jealousy stream. November 1937.

5 Erythrodiplax umbrata Linn.

Uncommon. October 1938. 6 Erythrodiplax berenice naeva Hagen

Common on coastal marshes. 1935.

7 Erythrodiplax connata justiniana Selys Common on streams. February 1936.

8 Cannacria herbida Gundlach

Orange Grove stream. November 1938.

Lepthemis vesiculosa Fabr.
 Common on streams. 1936.

10 Macrothemis celeno Selys

Common on streams and ponds. 1936.

11 Dythemis rufinervis Burm. Annaly stream. October 1936.

12 Tramea abdominalis Ramb.

Orange Grove stream. November 1938.

13 Pantala flavescens Fabr.

Orange Grove stream. December 1938.

Suborder ZYGOPTERA

CAENAGRIONIDAE

CAENAGRIONINAE

 Telebasis dominicanum Selys Crique Dam. January 1936.

2 Ischnura ramburii credula Calv. Common on ponds. October 1936.

3 Enallagma caecum Hagen

Common on streams and ponds. August 1936.

NEUROPTERA

CHRYSOPIDAE

Determinations by Ashley B. Gurney.

1 Chrysopa sp.

Abundant on plants Cryptocordia alba at night. October 1936.

2 Myrmeleon insertus Hagen

Adults taken at light. April 1936.

3 Vella sp.

Taken at light. April 1936.

THYSANOPTERA

THRIPIDAE

1 Frankliniella difficilis Hood Det. D. Moulton. 1937.

2 Frankliniella insularis Franklin

In flowers of Tabebuia pentaphylla. 1937. Det. F. Andre.

3 Heliothrips rubrocinctus Giard On avocado tree. April 1937.

PHLAEOTHRIPIDAE

1 Liothrips sp.

Swarming over rocks on Buck Island. January 1939. Det. F. Andre.

ANOPLURA

HAEMATOPINIDAE

1 Linognathus sp. Taken off goats.

2 Haematopinus sp.

Common parasite on swine.

3 Haematopinus tuberculatus Burmeister Taken off donkey (Equus asinus).

PEDICULIDAE

1 Pediculus humanus capitis DeGeer

Taken from the scalp of man. Det. J. C. Bequaert.

PHTHIRIDAE

1 Phthirus pubis Linn.

Taken off man.

HOMOPTERA

CICADIDAE

 Proarna hilaris Germar Det. J. S. Caldwell.

CICADELLIDAE

- 1 Carneocephala sagittifera Uhler Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- 2 Sanctanus sp.
- Det. P. W. Oman.
- 3 Deltocephalus flavicostus Stal Det. P. W. Oman.
- . 4 Deltocephalus sonorus Ball Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- 5 Exitianus obscurinervis Stal
- Det. J. S. Caldwell.
 6 Acinopterus angulatus Lawson
 Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- 7 Chlorotettix minimus Baker
- Det. J. S. Caldwell. 8 Chlorotettix tethys Van D.
- Det. P. W. Oman.

 9 Nesosteles bisinuatus DeL.
- Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- Nesosteles calcarus DeL. Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- 11 Nesosteles neglectus DeL. & D. Det. P. W. Oman.
- 12 Nesostelus incisus Mats. Det. P. W. Oman.
- 13 Protalebra brasiliensis Baker Det. P. W. Oman.
- 14 Empoasca sp.
 Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- 15 Hortensia similis Walker Det. P. W. Oman.

FULGORIDAE

Catonia sp.
 Det. P. W. Oman.

2 Bothriocera sp. Det. P. W. Oman.

- 3 Oliarus complectus Ball Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- 4 Thionia sp.
 Det. P. W. Oman.

- 5 Colpoptera flavifrons Osborn
 - Det. P. W. Oman.
- 6 Colpoptera maculifrons Muir Det. P. W. Oman.
- 7 Ormenis marginata Brunnich Det. P. W. Oman.
- 8 Ormenis quadri-punctata F. Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- 9 Flatoides sp.

Det. P. W. Oman.

- 10 Perigrinus maidis Ashmead Det. P. W. Oman.
- 11 Sogata furcifera Horvath Det. J. S. Caldwell.
- 12 Delphacodes propinqua Fieber Det. J. S. Caldwell.

APHIDIDAE

1 Aphis rumicis L.

Det. P. W. Mason. On Samanca saman. 1936.

2 Aphis gossypii Glover

On mellon, okra, cotton. 1936.

3 Aphis maidis Fitch

Corn. 1939.

COCCIDAE

The following species were determined by L. O. Howard in 1921.

 Margarodes formicarum Guilding In the soil in sugar cane fields.

- 2 Conchaspis angraeci Cockerell
- 3 Orthezia praelonga Douglas
- 4 Asterolecanium pustulans Cockerell
- 5 Pseudococcus nipae Maskell

On Cocos nucifera, Psidium guajava, Mangifera indica, Annona muricata.

6 Pseudococcus virgatus Cockerell

On beans, beets, carrots, cassava, yams, sweet potatoes, tomatoes, cotton, eggplant.

7 Pseudococcus calceolariae Maskell

On sugar cane.

8 Pseudococcus citri Risso

On citrus, corn.

- 9 Pseudococcus bromeliae Bouché
- 10 Pseudococcus sacchari Cockerell On sugar cane.

COCCINAE

- 1 Pulvinaria psidii Maskell
 - On Psidium quajava.
- ·2 Pulvinaria urbicola Cockerell
- On beans, carrots, sweet potatoes.

 3 Ceroplastes floridensis Comstock
 - On avocado, Anacardium occidentale, Musa sp., Psidium guajava, Annona muricata, Annona squamosa.
- 4 Ceroplastes denudatus Cockerell.
 - On Annona squamosa, A. muricata.
- 5 Vinsonia stellifera Westwood On Mangifera indica.
- 6 Eucalymnus' tessellatus Signoret
- 7 Coccus hesperidum L.
 - On Ficus sp., Mangifera indica, Carica papaya.
- 8 Coccus mangiferae Green
- On Mangifera indica.
- 9 Coccus viridis Green
 - On Mammea americana, Zapota achras.
- 10 Saissetia hemisphaerica Targioni
- On beans, eggplants, okras, Ficus sp.
- 11 Saissetia nigra Nietner
 - On Persea gratissima, Ficus sp., Annona muricata, Psidium guajava, Mammea americana, Manihot manihot.
- 12 Saissetia oleae Bernard
 - On Anacardium occidentale, Persea gratissima, Musa sp., Psidium guajava, Ficus sp. Mammea americana, Annona muricata, Zapota achras.

DIASPINAE

- Determinations by L. O. Howard.
- 1 Chionaspis citri Comstock On citrus.
- 2 Howardia biclavis Comstock On Mammea americana.
- 3 Diaspis boisduvalli Signoret On Musa sp.

- 4 Diaspis echinocacti opuntiae Cockerell On cactus.
- 5 Aulacaspis pentagona Targioni On numerous plants.
- 6 Hemichionaspis minor Maskell On Lantana involucrata.
- 7 Aspidiotus destructor Signoret
 On sugar cane, Cocos nucifera.

 8 Aspidiotus Iantaniae Signoret
- On Zapota achras, Ficus sp.,
- 9 Targionia sacchari Cockerell On sugar cane.
- 10 Targionia hartii Cockerell On *Dioscorea* sp.
- 11 Lepidosaphes beckii Newman
 On citrus.
- 12 Lepidosaphes alba Cockerell On Manihot manigot.
- ·13 Ischnaspis longirostris Signoret On Cocos nucifera, Ficus sp.

ALEYRODIDAE

Determinations by L. O. Howard.

1 Aleurodicus cocois Curtis

On Cocos nucifera, Musa sp.

 Bemisia inconspicua Quaintance On cabbage.

3 Aleu: othrixus floccosus Maskell On Psidium quajava, citrus.

HEMIPTERA

Harry G. Barber determined the bulk of *Hemiptera* in the collection, J. Bequaert reported on the *Polyctenidae*. Specimens are in U.S.N.M.

CORIXIDAE

1 Trichocorixa pygmaea Fieber

At light. February 1936. In brackish water, marsh, La Grange. May 1936.

2 Trichocorixa kollari Fieber

In brackish pools, May 1936; Slob Pond, September, 1937.

BELOSTOMATIDAE

1 Belostoma boscii Lepeletier & Serville Specimens were found hibernating in a dried out mud hole in six M inches of moist mud. October 37.

NOTONECTIDAE

1 Notonecta indica L.

Taken in Slob pond. October 1937.

2 Buenoa femoralis Fieber

Taken in Ru:t-op-twist pond. August 1936.

3 Buenoa pallipes F.

Taken in Slob pond. October 1937.

4 Buenoa pallens Champion

Taken at dusk by net. September 1937. In Slob pond. October 1937.

5 Buenoa albidus Champion

By car net at dusk. October 1937.

VELIDAE

1 Microvelia robusta Uhler By car net at dusk. September 1937.

GERRIDAE

1 Limnogonus franciscanus Stal Taken in Slob pond. July 1937.

MIRIDAE .

- Reuteroscopus ornatus Reuter By car net. October 1937.
- 2 Cyrtopeltis varians Distant

. By car net at dusk. October 1937.

3 Dolichomiris linearis Reuter Swept from grass. November 1937.

4 Rhinacloa forticornis Reuter Swept from grass. November 1937.

5 Sixeonotus sp.

Swept from grass. November 1937.

ANTHOCORIDAE

1 Paratriphleps pallidus Reuter

By car net at dusk, October 1937.

- 2 Asthenidea picta Uhler
- 3 Asthenidea sp.
- 4 Cardiastethus cubanus Popp By car net at dusk. October 1937.
- 6 Cardiastethus sp.

By car net at dusk. October 1937.

7 Lasiochilus divisus Champion

By net at dusk. October 1937.

8 Lasiochilus pallidulus Reuter By car net at dusk. October 1937.

POLYCTENIDAE

1 Hesperoctenes sp.

Det. J. Bequaert. Taken off free-tailed bat, Molossus major. January 1945.

CIMICIDAE

1 Cimex hemipterus F.

Det. J. Bequaert. Human habitation, October 1935.

REDUVIDAE

1 Stenopoda cinerea Laporte

Swept from grass. November 1936.

2 Stenopoda culciformis F.

Swept from grass. September 1937.

3 Zelus longipes Linn.

Swept from shrubbery. October 1936.

4 Empicoris armatus Champion

Specimen taken in house. November 1937.

- 5 Ploiaria bispina McAtee & Malloch
- 6 Emesopsis nubilus Uhler

At light. December 1936.

7 Triatoma rubrofasciata DeGreer

Six specimens taken, caught inside dwellings at night. July 1939, August 1940, September 1942, September 1943, November 1944, March 1945. Microscopic examinations revealed the presence of protozoan parasites of the form *Trypanosoma* in each.

TINGIDAE

- 1 Corythucha gossypii Fabr.
 - On cotton.
- 2 Corythaica planaris Uhler On eggplant. April 1938.
- 3 Teleonemia sacchari F.
 Swept by net from grass. July 1936.

PYRRHOCORIDAE

Dysdercus andreae Linn.
 On cotton. October 1940.

LYGAEIDAE

- 1 Oncopeltus fasciatus Dallas Swept from shrubbery. 19
- 2 Oncopeltus aulicus Fabr.
- 3 Lygaeus pulchellus Fabr.
- 4 Ortholomus jamaicensis Dallas
- 5 Ischnorhynchus championi Distant
- 6 Blissus leucopterus insularis Barber
- 7 Paromius longulus Dallas
- 8 Pachybrachius vinctus Say
- 9 Pachybrachius bilobatus Say
- 10 Ozophora sp.

NEIDIDAE

1 Metacanthus decorus Uhler

COREIDAE

- Leptoglossus gonagra Fabr
 On Psidium guajava. October 1935.
- 2 Leptoglossus stigma Herbst On Psidium quajava. October 1936.
- 3 Phthia picta Drury
 - On watermelons. October 1936.
- 4 Spartocera fusca Thunberg
- On Leucaena glauca, Mt. Victory. March 1943.
- 5 Chariesterus gracilicornis Stal .
- 6 Catorhintha guttula Fabr.
- 7 Anasa scorbutica Fabr.
- 8 Megalatomus rufipes Westwood

- 9 Corizus hyalinus Fabr.
- 10 Corizus sidae Fabr.
- 11 Jadera rufofusca Barber

PENTATOMIDAE

- 1 Mormidea cubrosa Dallas
- 2 Solubea pugnax Fabr.
- 3 Euschistus crenator Fabr.
- 4 Euschistus sp.
- 5 Proxys victor Fabr.
- 6 Thyanta casta Stal
- 7 Thyanta perditor Fabr.
- 8 Loxa sp.
- 9 Nezara viridula L.
- 10 Acrosternum marginatum P. B. 11 Piezodorus guildingi Westwood
- 12 Arvelius albopunctatus DeGeer
- 13 Podisus sagitta Fabr.

CYDNIDAE

- 1 Aethus indentatus Uhler
- 2 Amnestus pusio Stal
- By car net at dusk. November 1937.
- 3 Amnestus, probably n. sp.

By car net at dusk. November 1937.

SCUTELLERIDAE

- 1 Tetyra antillarum Kirk
- 2 Pachycoris torridus Scop.
- On wild croton. August 1937.
- 3 Diolcus boscii Fabr.4 Diolcus disjunctus Barber
- 4 Diolcus disjunctus Barb
- 5 Diolcus irroratus Fabr.
- 6 Augocoris illustris Fabr. On Sapota achras, Constitution Hill. June 1935.

COLEOPTERA

CICINDELIDAE

1 Tetracha sobrina infuscata Mannerheim Det. L. L. Buchanan. Under debris in a coconut grove, Concordia. October 1936. 2 Cicindela boops Dejean

Det. J. M. Valentine. Taken on the sandy border of a small marsh, Granard. August 1937.

3 Cicindela trifasciata Fabr.

Det. J. M. Valentine. Taken on the sandy border of Salt Pond. October 1936.

4 Cicindela trifasciata tortuosa Dejean

Det. J. M. Valentine. Taken on the sandy flats of Krause Lagoon. October 1937.

CARABIDAE

1 Calosoma granulatum coxale Mots.

Det. J. M. Valentine. Observed feeding abundantly on the pupae Laphygma frugiperda in a field of Panicum maximum. August 1938.

2 Dyschirius sp.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. 1937.

3 Clivina insularis Duval

Det. J. M. Valentine. October 1937.

4 Clivina sp.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

5 Tachys sp.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

6 Micratopus insularis Darlington

Det. J. M. Valentine. By net. 1937.

7 Micratopus sp.

Det. L. Buchanan. By net. September 1937.

8 Pseudaptinus sp.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

9 Apenes pallipes Fabr.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

10 Apenes marginalis Dejean

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

11 Perigona nigriceps Dejean

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

12 Pentagonica flavipes Leconte

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

13 Solenophorus pubifer Putzeys

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

14 Stelenophorus sp.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

15 Stelenophorus sp.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

HALIPLIDAE

1 Haliplus sp.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By net. October 1937.

DYTISCIDAE

Determinations by L. L. Buchanan. Specimens were taken by car net at dusk. October 1937.

- 1 Rhantus calidus Fabr.
- 2 Laccophilus sp.
- 3 Canthydrus sp.
- 4 Copelatus sp. 5 Thermonectes sp.
- 6 Megadytes, probably fraternus Sharp
- 7 Celina sp.
- 8 Pronoterus sp.
- 9 Notomicrus sp.
- 10 Bidessus sp.
- 11 Eretes sticticus L.

GYRINIDAE

1 Dineutes americanus L.

Det. L. L. Buchanan. By car net. October 1937.

HYDROPHILIDAE

Determinations by L. L. Buchanan.

1 Enochrus sp.

In pools. October 1937.

2 Berosus sp.

In Slob Pond. October 1937.

3 Hydrous insularis Castelnau

In Slob pond. October 1937.

4 Hydrous ater Olivier

In rain pools, October 1936.

5 Neohydrophilus medius Brullé "Appears to be this species".

6 Tropisternus lateralis Fabr.

In rain pools. October 1937.

7 Oosternum costatum Sharp By car net. October 1937.

8 Phaenonotum estriatum Say

By car net. October 1937.

9 Cercyon sp.

On fungus. January 1939. By car net. October 1937.

10 Cercyon sp.

By car net. October 1937.

11 Cercyon sp.

By car net. October 1937.

Paracymnus sp.

By car net. October 1937.

STAPHYLINIDAE

All of the Staphylinidae were determined by Richard E. Blackwelder exclusive of a few species which were determined by Edward A. Chapin as indicated. Many of the recorded species were taken by the compiler during the years from 1935 to 1939. An additional number of species were discovered by Blackwelder during a visit to the island from October 23 to December 6, 1936.

Blackwelder, Richard E.: "Monograph of the West Indian Beetles of the Family Staphylinidae." United States National Museum Bulletin 182. Washington, D. C., 1943.

Oxytelinae

1 Carpelimus fulvipes Erichson

By car net at dusk. November 1936.

2 Carpelimus sericeus Cameron In bat guano, October.

3 Carpelimus correctus Blackwelder

4 Carpelimus beattyi Blackwelder In bat guano. November.

· 5 Carpelimus imitator Bierig

Under debris. November.

6 Carpelimus flavipes Erichson

By car net at dusk. September. 7 Carpelimus haplomus Blackwelder

Flying to light. November.

8 Apocellus ustulatus Erichson In dung. August.

9 Oxytelus insignitus Gravenhorst In dung. October.

10 Oxytelus incisus Motschulsky

In dung. November. By car net. October.

11 Bledius beattyi Blackwelder

"Collected the type under a stone at the edge of a small stream."

Crique. October.

Osoriinae

1 Thoracophorus brevicristatus Horn

Under rotting log. November. By car net at dusk. November.

2 Paralispinus exiguus Erichson

In fungus. Annaly.

Steninge

1 Stenus sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. Under debris, Caledonia. June 1938.

Paederinae

1 Lithocharis sororcula Kraatz

In dung, flying at dusk. October.

2 Lithocharis secunda Blackwelder

In dung. By car net at dusk. November.
3 Lithocharis limbata Erichson

In decaying fruit. November.

4 Lithocharis dorsalis Erichson

By car net at dusk. November. 5 Stilomedon audanti Blackwelder

By car net at dusk. November.

6 Sunius debilicornis Wollaston By car net at dusk. October.

7 Scopaeus sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. In flowers. August, 1938.

8 Lobrathium nitidum Erichson

By car net at dusk. November.

Staphylininae

1 Philonthus hepaticus Erichson

Under beached seaweed. November.

2 Philonthus ventralis Gravenhorst By car net at dusk. November.

3 Philonthus discoidens Gravenhorst In dung. August.

4 Caffus subtilis Cameron

Under moist seaweed on beach. November.

5 Cafius caribeanus Bierig Under moist seaweed.

6 Cafius bistriatus Erichson

Under moist seaweed.

7 Erichsonius humilis Erichson By car net at dusk. October. 8 Diochus nanus Erichson

In rotting fruit. By net at dusk. November.

9 Xantholinus humeralis Erichson In dung. August.

10 Xantholinus beattyi Blackwelder In dung.

11 Leptacinus sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. In debris, Caledonia. June 1938.

Tachyporinae

Coproporus rutilus Erichson
 By car net at dusk June 1938.

Aleocharinae

1 Gyrophaena sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. In rotting log, Prosperity. April 1938. In fungus, Annaly. November 1938.

2 Atheta sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. In dung. December 1937.

SCAPHIDIDAE

1 Baeocera sp.

Det. H. S. Barber.

HISTERIDAE

1 Hister confinis Er

Det. H. S. Barber. In debris. December, 1937.

2 Hister sp.

Det. H. S. Barber.

LYCIDAE

1 Thonalmus sp.

Det. H. S. Barber. On shrubbery. August 1936.

2 Leptolycus sp. Det. H. S. Barber. On shrubbery. April 1935.

LAMPYRIDAE

1 Pyractomena galeata E. Olivier

Det. H. S. Barber. East End. July 1935.

CANTHARIDAE

1 Belotus sp.

Det. H. S. Barber. By car net at dusk. October 1937.

OEDEMERIDAE

1 Oxacis sp.

Det. H. S. Barber. By car net at dusk. October 1937.

2 Ananca vittata Fabricius

Colony in house, Cane Bay. April 1936.

MELOIDAE

1 Zonitis annulicornis Chevrolat

Det. H. S. Barber. By net at dusk. October.

ELATERIDAE

1 Chalcolepidius virginalis Candèze

Det. J. M. Valentine. At night. October.

2 Aeolus sp.

Det. W. S. Fisher. On mangrove bush. October 1937.

3 Conoderus bifoveatus Beauvois

Det. W. S. Fisher. Under scaling bark. October.

4 Conoderus lividus DeGeer

Det. J. M. Valentine.

BUPRESTIDAE

1 Polycesta thomae Chevrolat

Det. W. S. Fisher.

DERMESTIDAE

1 Globicornis fulvipes Guérin

Det. H. S. Barber. By car net at dusk. November 1937.

2 Attagenus sp.

Det. H. S. Barber. By car net at dusk. October 1939.

NITIDULIDAE

Determinations by Edward A. Chapin.

1 Carpophilus sp.

By car net at dusk. November 1938.

2 Haptoneus luteolus Erichson

In ripe fruit of Anacardium occidentale. July.

3 Stelidota geminata Say

On fruit of Spondias purpurea. May 1935.

4 Stelidota sp.

By car net at dusk. October 1937.

5 Lobiopa insularis Castelnar

In ripe fruit of Mango, Spondias mombin, Spondias purpurea. September 1941.

6 Epuraea sp.

MONOTOMIDAE

1 Europs sp.

Det. W. S. Fisher. By car net at dusk. October 1937.

CUCUJIDAE

1 Monanus concinnulus Walker

Det. W. S. Fisher.

2 Telephanus pallidulus Chevrolat Det. W. S. Fisher. By car net. October.

CRYPTOPHAGIDAE

Determinations by W. S. Fisher.

1 Cryptophagidae Gen & sp.?

2 Loberus testaceus Reitter

By car net at dusk. September 1937.

3 Loberus sp.

By car net at dusk. September 1937.

4 Ephistemus sp.

By car net at dusk. September 1937.

5 Hapalips sp.

By car net at dusk. September 1937.

MYCETOPHAGIDAE

1 Typhaea stercorea L.

Det. W. S. Fisher. By car net at dusk. November 1937.

PHALACRIDAE

1 Phalacrus sp.

Det. W. S. Fisher. By car net at dusk. September 1939.

COCCUNELLIDAE

Determinations by Edward A. Chapin.

1 Scymnus 'sp.

On shrubbery. October 1937.

2 Decadiomus sp.

On shrubbery. November 1939.

3 Scymnillodes sp.

By car net at dusk. October 1939.

4 Psyllobora lineola F.

By car net at dusk. November 1939.

5 Coleomegilla cubensis Casey
By car net at dusk. October 1939.

6 Cycloneda sanguinea limbifer Casey By car net. October 1937.

7 Azya sp.

8 Naemia seriata Melsheimer

ALLECULIDAE

1 Hymenorus sp. Det. E. A. Chapin.

TENEBRIONIDAE

Opatrinus anthracinus Mulsant
 Det. R. E. Blackwelder.

2 Opatrinus gemellatus Olivier

Det. E. A. Chapin. By net. October 1939.

3 Blapstinus n.sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. By net. October 1937.

4 Blapstinus n. sp. Det. E. A. Chapin. By net. October 1939.

5 Phaleria variabilis Quedenfeldt

Det. E. A. Chapin. By net. October 1939.

6 Diaperis maculata Olivier
Det. R. E. Blackwelder.

7 Tribolium castaneum Herbst

Det. E. A. Chapin. By net. October 1939.

8 Alphitobius diaperinus Panzer Det. R. E. Blackwelder.

9 Alphitobius piceus Olivier Det. R. E. Blackwelder.

10 Alphitobius sp.

Det. R. E. Blackwelder.

11 Eutomus sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. .

12 Zophobas morio F. Det. E. A. Chapin.

13 Prateus sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. By car net at dusk. October 1939.

14 Trachyscelis sp.

Det. E. A. Chapin. By car net at dusk. October 1939.

PTINIDAE

1 Gibbium psylloides Czemp.

Det. W. S. Fisher.

2 Ptinus sp.

Det. W. S. Fisher. By car net at dusk. October 1937.

ANOBIIDAE

1 Anobiidae Gen & sp.

Det. W. S. Fisher. By car net at dusk. October 1937.

BOSTRYCHIDAE

Determinations by W. S. Fisher.

1 Apate monachus F.

By car net at dusk. September 1937.

2 Tetrapriocera tridens F. Under log. September 1937.

3 Xylomeira torquata F.

CISIDAE

1 Cis hirtellus Jacq. Duval Det. J. M. Valentine.

2 Cis sp.

Det. W. S. Fisher. By car net at dusk. October. On fungus. January 1939.

3 Ceracis sp.

Det. W. S. Fisher. On fungus. November 1938.

SCARABAEIDAE

Determinations by E. A. Chapin.

1 Aphodius lividus Olivier

In dung. December 1937.

2 Aphodius cuniculus Chevrolat In dung. April 1941.

3 Pleurophorus parvulus Chevrolat 4 Ataenius frater Leconte

In dung. April 1941.

5 Ataenius edwardsi Chapin In dung. June 1939. 6 Ataenius gracilis Melsheimer

By car net at dusk. October 1939.

7 Ataenius miamii Cartw.

By car net at dusk. October 1939.

8 Ataenius darlingtoni Hntn.

By car net at dusk. October 1939. In manure. December 1937.

9 Ataenius imbricatus Melsheimer

In dung. April 1941.

10 Ataenius strigicauda Bates

By car net at dusk. September 1937.

11 Ataenius beattyi Chapin In dung. April 1938.

12 Trox suberosus F.

Under debris. August 1936. At light. November 1944.

13 Phyllophaga microphylla Moser

Feeding at night on leaves of Terminalia catappa. September 1938. On leaves of Genipa americana. August.

14 Ligyrus tumulosus Burmeister At light. September 1936.

15 Ligyrus cuniculus F.

At light. September 1936.

 Strataegus barbigerus Chapin At light. October 1936.

CERAMBYCIDAE

Determinations by W. S. Fisher.

1 Methia necydalea F.

2 Chlorida festiva L.

3 Eburia decemmaculata F.

At light. September 1936.

4 Elaphidion insulare Neuman

Larvae in branch of Annona squamosa. August 1935.

5 Heterachthes cylindricollis F.

6 Heterachthes quadrimaculatus F. At light. September 1936.

7 Stizocera vanzwaluwenburgi Fisher

8 Cylindera flava F.

At light. September 1936.

9 Lagochirus araneiformis Linn.

10 Leptostylus testaceus Froelich

At light. September 1936.

- 11 Lepturges guadeloupensis Fleutiaux & Sallé
- 12 Ataxia alboscutellata Fisher

By net. September 1936.

13 Estola sp. "Probably a new species but do not like to describe it on a single specimen."

CHRYSOMELIDAE

Determinations by H. S. Barber.

- 1 Lema sp.
- 2 Nodonota sp.

By car net at dusk. November 1937.

3 Cerotoma ruficornis Olivier

By car net at dusk. October 1937.

4 Homophoeta albicollis F.

By car net at dusk. October 1939.

- 5 Oedionychis bicolor L.
- 6 Podagrica sp.
- 7 Altica, near purpurescens Suffrian On shrubbery. September 1938.
- 8 Altica sp.

On shrubbery. September 1938.

9 Chalepus sanguinicollis L.

By car net at dusk. November 1937.

10 Phyllotreta fallax Suffrian11 Deloyala guttata Olivier

Swept from shrubbery. October 1937.

BRUCHIDAE

Callosobruchus maculatus F.
 Det. H. S. Barber. November 1939.

BRENTIDAE

Brentus volvulus L.
 Under scaling bark of decaying tree. November 1939.

CURCULIONIDAE

Determinations by L. L. Buchanan.

1 Artipus sp.

September 1937.

2 Diaprepes abbreviatus rohrii F. On shrubbery. September 1937. 3 Lachnopus curvipes F.

On acacia bush. November 1938.

4 Apodrusus, near argentatus Wolcott

5 Anthonomus sp.

Reared from larvae in ripe fruit of Malpighia punicifolia. May 1941.

6 Anacentrinus sp.

By net. September 1937.

7 Sternechus sp.

8 Chalcodermus sp.

Eaten by frog Eleutherodactylus lentus. August 1936.

9 Chalcodermus ebeninus Boheman On corn. July 1938.

10 Euscepes batata Waterhouse

In sweet potatoes. February 1936.

11 Anchonus sp.
On shrubbery. September 1937.

12 Cassonus canaliculatus F.

On shrubbery. September 1937.

13 Metamasius hemipterus Linn.

On shrubbery. September 1938. Specimens were infested with Analgesia mites attached to thorax.

14 Cosmopolites sordidus Germar

January 1936. From roots of banana.

15 Calendra (Calandra) oryzae Linn. In stored corn.

16 Cryptorhynchinae

"Genus not found."

SCOLYTIDAE

Determinations by M. W. Blackman.

1 Hypothenemus flavipes Hopkins

In seed pod of Albizzia lebbeck. April 1936.

2 Coccotrypes sp.

By car net at dusk. October 1937.

3 Xyleborus affinis Eichoff By car net at dusk. October 1937.

4 Xyleborus confusus Eichoff

By car net at dusk. October 1937.

5 Xyleborus sacchari Hopkins

Car net at dusk. October 1937.

6 Xyleborus propinquus Eichoff

Car net at dusk. October 1937.

DIPTERA

I am greatly indebted to Alan Stone for his determinations in the *Culicidae* at a time when I was engaged in Malaria control and Filaria studies with the Department of Health. The *Culicoides* were examined by the late W. A. Hoffman. The bulk of Diptera was determined by C. T. Greene and D. G. Hall. A small collection of *Hippoboscidae* and *Streblidae* was determined by J. Bequaert.

TIPULIDAE

Determinations by Alan Stone.

- Limonia (Rhipidia) domestica Osten Sacken December 1937.
- 2 Limonia (Geranomyia) antillarum Alexander At light. December 1937.
- 3 Limonia (Geronomyia) virescens Loew December 1937.
- 4 Limonia sp.
- Decembr 1937. 5 Limonia sp.
- December 1937.

PSYCHODIDAE

1 Psychodidae Gen & sp. Det. C. T. Greene.

CHTRONOMIDAE

- 1 Chironomidae Gen & sp.
 - Det. C. T. Greene. October 1935.
- 2 Chironomus sp.

Det. A. Stone. October 1935.

3 Chironomus redeuns Walker

Det. C. T. Greene. August 1935.

CERATOPOGONIDAE

- 1 Culicoides furens Poey
 - Det. W. A. Hoffman. A vicious feeder. July 1935.
- 2 Culicoides laughnani Edwards

Det. W. A. Hoffman. Found breeding in fresh water puddles near streams. May 1936, August 1936.

3 Culicoides sp. near laughnani

Det. W. A. Hoffman. August 1938.

4 Culicoides n. sp.

Det. W. A. Hoffman. Taken at Crique Dam. January 1936. Constitution Hill. May 1936, January 1937. Diamond. September 1938.

5 Forcipomyia propinqua Williston

Swarming at dusk. October 1937. Det. Alan Stone.

6 Forcipomyia raleighi Macfie

Det. H. K. Townes. October 1936.

7 Forcipomvia sp.

Det. A. Stone. December 1937.

8 Dasyhelea sp.

Det. A. Stone. Peters Rest School. December 1937.

9 Bezzia setulosa Loew

Peters Rest School, December 1937. Det. A. Stone.

CULICIDAE

Determinations by Alan Stone.

1 Corethrella appendiculata Grabham

Reared from larvae in tree holes. October 1935.

2 Anopheles albimanus Wiedemann

Larvae found wherever there are collections of fresh water, preferably in unshaded situations. October 1935.

3 Anopheles grabhamii Theobald

Strictly a fresh water species, the larvae found in shaded pools and sluggish streams. October 1935.

4 Uranotaenia loewii Theobald

Uncommon. Larvae collected in fresh water pools. September 1935.

5 Uranotaenia cooki Root

Rare, larvae found in shaded pools. October 1936.

6 Psorophora jamaicensis Theobald

Larvae in fresh rain pools in pasturelands. August 1935.

7 Psorophora pygmaea Theobald Rain pools and near the coast in slightly brackish pools. October 1935.

8 Psorophora insularia Dyar & Knab

Adults were taken by net at Williams Pond. November 1935.

9 Psorophora coffini Dyar & Knab

Adults by net. Christiansted. October 1935.

10 Aedes taeniorhynchus Wiedemann

Larvae in fresh water pools. Adults biting by day. September 1935.

11 Aedes mediovittatus Coquillett

Larvae in water holes in trees, adults biting by day. Common in jungles. October 1935.

12 Aedes aegypti L

Common about dwellings. Breed in fresh water. 1935.

13 Aedes scapularis Rondani

Larvae in rain pools. September 1936.

14 Aedes sollicitans Walker

Larvae in slightly brackish rain pools at Liaka. November 1936.

15 Aedes tortilis Theobald

Larvae in rain pools. East End. August 1935.

16 Culex bahamensis Dyar & Knab

Larvae in black masses in brackish pools near the coast. August 1935

17 Culex habilitator Dyar & Knab

Common. Breeds in fresh water. September 1935.

18 Culex nigripalpus Theobald

Breeds in fresh water and sometimes the larvae are found in slightly brackish pools. May 1935.

19 Culex quinquefasciatus Sav

Breeds in fresh water, rarely in slightly brackish pools. September 1935.

20 Culex atratus Theobald

Larvae found in fresh and slightly brackish pools. March 1935.

21 Culex erraticus Dyar & Knab

Larvae in fresh water pool. December 1935.

22 Culex inflictus Theobald

In fresh water pools. January 1937.

23 Culex americanus N. L.

Adults were taken from a rotting palm trunk which had become hollowed out. Crique. 1938.

24 Culex chrysonotum Dyar & Knab

Larvae from fresh water pool. September 1935.

25 Culex sp.

Captured on arm, Fairplain. February 1936. Crique. August 1938.

26 Deinocerites cancer Theobald

Breeds in slightly brackish water, preferably down in large land-crab holes. November 1935.

MYCETOPHILIDAE

1 Mycetophila insipiens Williston

Det. A. Stone. 1935.

2 Sciara sp. Det. A. Stone.

CECIDOMYIDAE

1 Diplosis sp.

Det. C. T. Greene. From sorghum. April 1936.

2 Cecidomyidae gen. & sp.

Det. C. T. Greene. 1936.

SIMULIDAE

1 Simulium quadrivittatum Loew Adults taken on arm biting man. Not a common species. Crique. 1936.

STRATIOMYTDAE

Determinations by C. T. Greene.

1 Hermetia illucens Linn.

Preyed upon by Stictia signata. Janury 1936.

2 Neoron'dania chalybea Wiedemann 1936

3 Cyphomyia marginata Loew

Resting on orange leaves. May 1937.

4 Cyphomyia lasiophthalmus Williston September 1938.

5 Euryneurasoma slossonae Johnson August 1937.

TABANIDAE

1 Stenotabanus stigma F. Det. A. Stone. Taken on dog. August 1941.

BOMBYLIIDAE

Determinations by C. T. Greene.

1 Anthrax aedipus Fabr.

August 1936.

2 Anthrax sp.

August 1936.

3 Hyperalonia cerberus Fabr. August 1936.

4 Villa fauna Fabr.

May 1938.

5 Bombylius sp.

ASILIDAE

1 Leptogaster sp.

April 1938.

2 Ommatius marginellus Fabr. April 1936.

DOLICHOPODIDAE

Determinations by C. T. Greene.

1 Chrysotus sp.

April 1936.

2 Gymnopternus sp. "Shining green." May 1936, August 1936, June 1941.

3 Plagioneurus univittatus Loew On swamp grass. May 1936.

4 Pelastoneurus unguiculatus Aldrich

On swamp grass. May 1936.

5 Dolichopodidae gen & sp. "Near Mesorhaga." On grass. May 1936.

6 Scianus graenicheri Van Duzee September 1940.

EMPIDIDAE

1 Drapetis sp.

Det. C. T. Greene.

PHORIDAE

- 1 Megaselida scalaris Loew
- February 1936. Det. C. T. Greene. 2 Megaselida sp.
- Det. C. T. Greene. Reared from larvae in rotting fruit of Anacardium occidentale. June 1937.
- 3 Puliciphora sp. September 1936.

SYRPHIDAE

Determinations by C. T. Greene. Specimens swept from grass.

- 1 Baccha clavata F.
 - March 1937.
- 2 Baccha conformis Loew November 1936.
- 3 Baccha cylindrica F. August 1936.

restitA :

tage, Oak.

'agallata.

4 Baccha dimidiata F.

August 1936.

5 Baccha latiusculus Loew April 1936.

6 Baccha stenogaster Williston August 1936.

7 Toxomerus geminatus Sav September 1941.

8 Toxomerus politus Say August 1938. oxomerus sp.

9 Toxomerus sp.

"Banded abdomen." Grove Place. January 1941.

10 Allograpta fuscisquama Curran September 1936.

11 Allograpta venusta Curran August 1936.

12 Volucella unipunctata Curran September 1937.

13 Eristalis vinetorum Fabr. October 1940.

TACHINIDAE

Determinations by D. G. Hall.

1 Tachinidae gen & sp. August 1936.

2 Trichopoda haiiensis Desvoidy

October 1936 3 Trichopoda sp.

Preyed upon by Stictia signata. November 1936.

4 Lydella bigeminata Curran August 1936.

5 Ocyptera sp. August 1936.

6 Nemorilla maculosa Macquart October 1938.

7 Phorocera divisa Aldrich & Webber Adults in dwellings. May 1941.

8 Argyrophylax sp.

April 1936, August 1936.

9 Ormia sp. April 1936. 10 Gonia sp. May 1941.

SARCOPHAGIDAE

Sarcophagula occidua Fabr.
 January 1936. Det. D. G. Hall.

2 Sarcophaga hillifera Aldrich

Det. M. T. James. October 1943.

3 Sarcophaga sp.

Det. D. G. Hall. November 1936.

Det. D. G. Hall. November 1936.

4 Helicobia surrubea V. de W. March 1936.

MUSCIDAE

1 Muscidae

Genus uncertain. Det D. G. Hall. October 1938.

2 Cochliomyia macellaria F.

Reared from larvae taken off dead animals. Det D. G. Hall.

3 Lucilia eximia Macquart

Det. M. T. James. August 1936. 4 Lucilia sp.

Det. D. G. Hall. Preyed upon by Stictia signata. November 1936. 5 Pyrellia sp.

Det. D. G. Hall. August 1936.

6 Morellia scapulata Bigot

Det. D. G. Hall. March 1936.

7 Orthellia sp. Det. D. G. Hall. September 1937.

8 Synthesiomyia nudiseta V de W.

Det. M. T. James. October 1938.

9 Musca domestica L.

Det. D. G. Hall. November 1936.

10 Haematobia irritans L.

Annoying domestic animals. Det. D. G. Hall. 1941.

11 Muscinae gen & sp.

Det. D. G. Hall. On fruit of Calyptracordia alba. 1936.

ANTHOMYHDAE

Determinations by D. G. Hall.

Anthomyiidae gen & sp.
 Swept from grass. August 1936.

2 Anthomyiidae gen & sp.

August 1936.

3 Anthomyiidae gen & sp.

Hovering about dead horse. April 1936.

4 Anthomyia sp.

Swarming. June 1941.

5 Atherigona orientalis Schiner September 1938.

6 Lispa sp.

August 1936.

7 Phaonia sp.

April 1936..

8 Fannia femoralis Stein November 1936.

BORBORIDAE

1 Leptocera sp.

Det. D. G. Hall. July 1938.

2 Leptocera discalis Malloch October 1937.

SAPROMYZIDAE

Determinations by D. G. Hall. Material swept from vegetation.

1 Sapromyzidae

Probably Camptoprosopella sp. August 1936.

2 Carpolonchaea pendula Bezzi

June 1941.

3 Neogriphoneura sordida Wiedemann September 1938.

4 Sapromyza sp.

June 1941.

5 Minettia sp. April 1941.

6 Minettia slossonae Coquillett

April 1941.

ORTALIDAE

Determinations by C. T. Greene. Material swept from vegetation.

1 Acrosticta n. sp.

"Red abdomen." June 1941.

2 Euxesta annonae Fabr.

June 1941.

- 3 Euxesta spoliata Loew June 1941.
- 4 Euxesta thomae Loew June 1941.
- 5 Euxesta stigmatias Loew . June 1941.
- 6 Euxesta sororcula Wiedemann June 1941.

TRYPETIDAE

1 Anastrepha mombinpraeoptans Sein

Det. A. Stone. Reared from larvae in Spondias mombin, August-October, 1940. Reared from Spondias purpurea.

2 Ensina piccicola Bigot

Det. C. T. Greene. September 1942. 3 Trypanea dacetoptera Phillips

Det. C. T. Greene. June 1943.

SEPSIDAE

1 Sepsis pusio Schiner

Det. D. G. Hall. August 1936.

2 Sepsis sp.

Det. D. G. Hall. August 1936.

EPHYDRIDAE

Determinations by D. G. Hall. Material swept from grass.

1 Ephydridae gen & sp. May 1937.

2 Discomyza dubia Williston November 1939.

3 Discomyza maculipennis Wiedemann November 1939.

4 Paralimna obscura Williston September 1938.

5 Psilopa nigrimana Williston May 1937.

6 Psilopa sp.

· · · June 1941.

7 Ceropsilopa sp. December 1940.

8 Plagiops nitidifrons Cresson June 1940. 9 Scatella sp. November 1946.

CHLOROPIDAE

1 Chloropidae gen & sp.

Det. D. G. Hall. October 1939.

2 Hippelates apicata Malloch

On sores. Det. C. W. Sabrosky. October 1939.

3 Hippelates peruanus Becker

On dogs. Det. C. W. Sabrosky. November 1939, '

4 Hippelates lutzi Curran

Det. C. W. Sabrosky. On sores. October 1939.

5 Hippelates currani Aldrich

Det. C. W. Sabrosky. October 1939.

6 Hippelates sp. near impressus Becker

On sores. Det. D. G. Hall. October 1939.

7 Pseudogaurax lancifer Coquillett

Det. D. G. Hall. Reared from egg sacs of spider. August 1941.

8 Conioscinella mars Curran

Det. C. W. Sabrosky. October 1939.

9 Oscinellinae gen & sp.

Det. D. G. Hall. April 1936. 10 Oscinella forbesi Curran

Det. C. W. Sabrosky. April 1936.

11 Oscinella sicatrix Curran

Det. C. W. Sabrosky. April 1936. 12 Oscinella sp

Det. D. G. Hall. April 1936.

ASTEIIDAE

1 Sigaloessa

"Possibly this genus." Det. C. W. Sabrosky. November 1939.

DROSOPHILIDAE

Determinations by C. T. Greene. Material swept from shrubbery.

41

- Drosophila melanogaster Meigen June 1941.
- 3 Drosophila repleta Wollaston July 1935.
- 4 Drosophila busckii Coquillett August 1936.

- 5 Drosophila similis Williston September 1941.
- 6 Drosophila sp. April 1936.
- 7 Drosophila sp. March 1941.
- 8 Cladochaeta nebulosa Coquillett July 1939.
- 9 Leucophenga sp. near varia Walker September 1936.

AGROMYZIDAE

- I Agromyza viridula Coquillett Det. C. T. Greene.
- 2 Agromyza virens Loew Det. C. T. Greene.
- 3 Agromyza longicauda Curran Det. C. T. Greene.
- 4 Agromyza sp.

Det. C. T. Greene. June 1941.

MILICHIDAE

- 1 Milichiella lacteipennis Loew Det. D. G. Hall. March 1939.
- 2 Milichiella sp.

. Det. C. T. Greene. August 1939.

3 Desmometopa M-nigrum Zetterstedt Det. C. T. Greene. March 1939.

HIPPOBOSCIDAE

- 1 Ornithoctona erythrocephala Leach
 - Taken off Red-tailed Hawk, Buteo j. jamaicensis. Det. J. Bequaert. 1937.
- 2 Pseudolynchia maura Bigot

Off Ground Dove. Columbiallina passerina nigrirostris. Det. A. Stone, 1936.

- 3 Microlynchia pusilla Speiser
 - Off Ground Dove, Columbigallina passerina nigrirostris. Det. A. Stone, 1936.
- 4 Olfersia aenescens Thompson
 - Off White-bellied Booby, Sula leucogaster. Det. J. Bequaert.

5 Olfersia fossulata Macquart

Taken by net from bush. Det. J. Bequaert. 1936.

6 Olfersia spinifera Leach

Off Frigate-bird, Fregata magnificens rothschildi. Det. J. Bequaert. 1936.

7 Olfersia erythropsis Bigot

Off Blue-faced Booby, Sula d. dactylatra. Det. A. Stone. 1936.

8 Olfersia sordida Bigot

By net on shrubbery. Det. A. Stone. April 1936.

9 Melophagus ovinus Linn.

Off domestic sheep. 1936.

STREBLIDAE

Determinations by J. Bequaert.

1 Trichobius truncatus Kessel

Off fruit bat, Brachyphylla cavernarum. 1938.

2 Trichobius mixtus Curran

Off fruit bat, Artibeus jamaicensis. 1945.

3 Trichobius sparsus Kessel

Off fruit bat, Artibeus jamaicensis. 1945.

4 Pterellipsis aranea Coquillett

Off fruit bat, Artibia jamaicensis. 1945.

SIPHONAPTERA

TUNGIDAE

1 Tunga penetrans Linn.

Taken from man.

2 Echidnophaga gallinacea Westwood Off rat (Rattus fattus alexandrinus).

PHILICIDAE

1 Pulex irritans Linn.

Taken off man.

2 Xenopsylla cheopis Rothschild

Off gray rat (Rattus r. alexandrinus).

3 Ctenocephalides canis Curtis

Common on dogs, mongoose (Herpestes birmanicus), and occasionally on man.

4 Ctenocephalides felis Bouché

Taken off cats, dogs and mongoose (Herpestes birmanicus).

LEPIDOPTERA

The compiler made determinations in the Rhopalocera after Comstock, and a few species also in *Arctidae*, *Sphingidae* and *Noctuidae*. However a collection of the microlepidoptera was examined by W. T. Forbes and he has identified the Lesser Antillean form of the monarch butterfly. The bulk of the material was worked over by W. D. Field, C. Heinrich, J. F. Gates Clarke and H. W. Capps and I am indebted to them all for their labors.

Suborder RHOPALOCERA

DANAIDAE

- 1 Danaus plexippus leucogyne Butler November 1936.
- 2 Danaus plexippus megalippe Hubner Det. W. T. Forbes. November 1944.

NYMPHALIDAE

- 1 Heliconius c. charithonius L. February 1936.
- 2 Heliconius charithonius punctatus Hall February 1936.
- 3 Dione vanillae insularis Maynard November 1936.
- 4 Junonia evarete zonalis C. R. Felder
 This is the common form. October 1936.
- 5 Junonia evarete incarnata C. R. Felder This species is restricted to the coastal area where it is not uncommon in the salt marshes, but is extremely active and difficult to capture. November 1936.
- 6 Anartia jatrophae intermedia Munroe Common. November 1936.
- 7 Metamorpha stelenes stelenes L. Common in woods. October 1936.
- 8 Biblis hyperia hyperia Cramer Common in the woods. October 1936.
- 9 Hypolimnas missippus L.
 Rare. Only six specimens have been taken and all of these were in the fall of the year. October 1936.
- 10 Eunica tatila tatilista Kaye A rare fly. August 1937.

11 Anaea troglodyta astina Fabr.

A rare butterfly which has been taken only four times and in the fall of the year. August 1935.

LYCAENIDAE

- 1 Thecla acis mars Fabr.
 - December 1936.
- 2 Thecla angelia boyeri Comstock & Huntington November 1936.
- 3 Thecla simaethis simaethis Drury January 1936.
- 4 Thecla bubastus ponce Comstock & Huntington October 1936.
- 5 Thecla antigua Comstock & Huntington November 1936.
- 6 Leptotes cassius catilina Fabr. November 1936.
- 7 Hemiargus ammon woodruffi Comstock & Huntington September 1936.
- 8 Hemiargus hanno watsoni Comstock & Huntington September 1936.

PIERIDAE

- 1 Phoebis (Phoebis) sennae sennae L. September 1936.
- 2 Eurema (Eurema) daira ebriola Poev October 1937.
- 3 Eurema (Eurema) elathea Cramer September 1938.
- 4 Eurema (Pyrisitia) lisa euterpe Ménétries February 1936.
- 5 Appias (Glutophrissa) drusilla boydi Comstock A rare species. January 1936.
- 6 Ascia monuste eubotea Latreille

Common. October 1936.

7 Ascia monuste virginia Latreille

Common. September 1936.

PAPILIONIDAE

1 Papilio polydamus thyamus Rothschild & Jordan January 1936.

HESPERIIDAE

- 1 Polygonus lividus Hübner
 - August 1936.
- 2 Urbanus proteus L. A common species, larvae parasitized by Apanteles leucostigma. November 1936.
- 3 Urbanus proteus cramptoni Comstock
 This species has not been collected here.
- 4 Pyrgus syrichtus Fabr.
 - Common. August 1935.
- 5 Achlyodes papinianus minor Comstock January 1936.
- 6 Ephyriades arcas Drury
- October 1936.
- 7 Wallengrenia otho mutchleri Watson November 1937.
- 8 Choranthus vitellius Fabr. September 1936.
- 9 Lerodea tripuncta Herrich-Schaffer October 1936
- 10 Calpodes ethlius Cramer November 1937.
- 11 Panoquina nyctelia Latreille October 1936.
- 12 Panoquina sylvicola woodruffi Watson December 1937.
- 13 Panoquina p. panoquinoides Skinner September 1938.

Suborder HETEROCERA

AMATIDAE

- Mollodeta partheni F.
 Det. W. D. Field. February 1937.
- 2 Cosmosoma achemon tyrrhene Hübner Det. W. D. Field. November 1937.
- 3 Horama sp. Det. W. D. Field. February 1937.

ARCTIDAE

 Ecpantheria icasia Cramer February 1936. 2 Utetheisa ornatrix ornatrix L. · November 1935

NOCTUDAE

1 Heliothis obsoleta F.

Det. L. O. Howard. Experiment Station collection.

2 Heliothis virescens F.

Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

· 3 Xanthopastis timais Cramer

December 1936.

4 Leucania humidicola Guenée

Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

5 Leucania multilinea Walker

Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

6 Perigea cupentia Cramer Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

7 Perigea concisa Walker Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

8 Catabena vitrina Walker

Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

9 Prodenia ornithogalli Guenée

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Station coll.

10 Laphygma frugiperda Smith & Abbot

Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

11 Xylomiges sunia Guenée

Det. L. O. Howard. Exper. Station collection.

12 Micrathetis triplex Walker Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

13 Atethmia subusta Hübner

Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

14 Atethmia oula Dyar Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

15 Cobubatha quadrifera Zeller

Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

16 Paectes obrotunda Guenee Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

17 Paectes sp. Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

18 Pelamia repanda F.

Det. J. F. Gates Clarke. September 1936.

19 Phytometra ni Hübner

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Station collection.

20 Phytometra oo Cramer

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Station collection.

21 Melipotis contorta Guenée

Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

22 Erebus odora Linn.

Det. C. Heinrich. November 1936.

23 Concana disgrega Möschler

. Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

24 Concana sp.

new? Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936,

25 Noropsis hieroglyphica Cramer Det. C. Heinrich. November 1936.

26 Alabama argillacea Hübner Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Station collection.

27 Gonodonta nitidimacula Guenée Det. C. Heinrich, December 1936.

28 Anticarsia gemmatalis Hübner Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

29 Epidromia pannosa Guenée
Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. collection.

SPHINGIDAE

1 Herse cingulata Fabr. November 1936.

2 Phlegethontius rusticus rusticus Fabr. November 1936.

3 Phlegethontius sextus jamaicensis Butler November 1936.

4 Erinnyis alope Drury November 1936.

5 Erinnyis ello Linn. November 1936.

6 Pholus vitis vitis Linn. November 1936.

7 Xylophanes pluto Fabr. November 1936.

8 Xylophanes tersa Linn. November 1936.

9 Celerio lineata lineata Fabr. November 1936.

GEOMETRIDAE

Semiothisa paleolata Guenée
 Det. H. W. Capps. January 1937.

2 Racheospila sp.

Det. H. W. Capps. January 1937.

PYRALIDAE

Puraustinae

- 1 Zinckenia fascialis Cramer
 Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.
- 2 Syngamia florella Cramer
- Det. C. Heinrich. November 1936.

 3 Pilocrocis trinunctata F.
- Det. C. Heinrich. November 1936.
- 4 Mesocondyla concordalis Hübner Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.
- 5 Dichogramma fernaldi Möschler
- Det. C. Heinrich. November 1936. 6 Sylepta onophasalis Walker
- Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.
- 7 Sylepta gordialis Guenée Det. L. O. Howard, Exp. Sta. Coll.
- 8 Sylepta patagialis Zeller
 Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.
- 9 Lygropia flavofuscalis Smellen
- Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll. 10 Margaronia phlegia Cramer
- Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.
- 11 Margaronia elegans Möschler Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll. ,
- 12 Margaronia immaculalis Guenée Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.
- 13 Margaronia hyalinata Linn.
- Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll. 14 Margaronia costata F.
- Det. C. Heinrich. November 1936.
- 15 Ommatospila marcaeusalis Walker Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.
- 16 Sameodes mopsalis Walker Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

17 Psara phaeopteralis Guenée Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

18 Psara bipunctalis F.

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

19 Noctuelia thalialis Walker

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

20 Leucinodes sp. Det. C. Heinrich. December 1936.

21 Loxostege bifidalis Fabr.

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

22 Hapalia vinotinctalis Hampson Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

23 Pyrausta phoenicealis Hübner

Chrysauginae

 Pachymorphus subductellus Möschler Det. C. Heinrich. November 1937.

Crambinae

1 Diatraea saccharalis F.

Det. C. Heinrich. September 1936.

2 Argyria diplomachalis Dyar

Det. C. Heinrich. November 1936.

Phyclinae

1 Hyalospila sp.

Det. C. Heinrich. November 1937.

2 Plodia interpunctella Hübner

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

3 Ephestiodes sp.
Det. C. Heinrich. October 1936...

HYBLAEIDAE

1 Hyblaea puera Cramer

Det. C. Heinrich. September 1936.

YPONMEUTIDAE

Plutella maculipennis Curtis
 Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

COSMOPTERYGIDAE

1 Pyroderces rileyi Walsingham

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

BLASTOBASIDAE

1 Blastobasidae gen & sp.

Det. C. Heinrich. November 1936.

APOSTEGIDAE

1 Apostega sp. probably trinidadensis Busck Det. J. F. Gates Clarke. 1937.

GELECHTIDAE

1 Sitotroga cerealella Olivier

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

2 Aristotelia sp.

Det. C. Heinrich. August 1936.

3 Pectinophora gossypiella Saunders

Det. L. O. Howard. Exp. Sta. coll.

HYMENOPTERA

Ichneumonoidea

BRACONIDAE

1 Opius (Utetes) anastrephae Viereck Det. F. W. Muesebeck. Reared from larvae of Anastrepha mombinpraeoptans. August 1939.

2 Apanteles leucostigma Ashmead

Det. F. W. Muesebeck. Reared from larvae of *Urbanus proteus*. September 1936.

3 Apanteles n. sp.

 Det. F. W. Muesebeck. Reared from larvae of Lepidoptera in seed pod of mangle (Rhizophora). August 1936.

4 Chelonus sp. Det. A. B. Gahan. January 1938.

EVANIDAE

1 Evania appendigaster Linn.

Det. R. A. Cushman. Reared from egg-case of Periplaneta americana. October 1938.

2 Hyptia sp.

Det. R. A. Cushman. Swept from shrubbery. August 1937.

TORNETIMONIDAE

Determinations by R. A. Cushman.

1 Labena sp.

Swept from grass. LaGrange. July 1936.

2 Labena n. sp.

Collected by light on coco leaves. Crique. July 1936.

3 Labena n. sp.

Swept from shrubbery. LaGrange. July 1936.

4 Enicospilus concolor Cresson

At light. August 1936.

5 Enicospilus sp.

August 1936.

6 Ophion ancyloneura Cameron At light. August 1936.

7 Ophion sp.

At light. August 1936.

8 Eiphosoma annulatum Cresson Swept from grass. September 1936.

9 Carinodes phavanensis Cameron Swept from grass. August 1936.

10 Pristomerus sp. Swept by net. September 1937.

Cynipoidea

CYNIPIDAE

1 Hexacola sp.

Det. L. H. Weld. Swept by net. July 1940.

2 Pseudeucoila sp.

Det. L. H. Weld. Swept by net. July 1940.

FIGITIDAE

Determinations by L. H. Weld.

1 Dicerataspis sp.

On rotting fruit. Fountain, July 1938.

2 Eucoila (Hexamerocera) atriceps Ashmead

Reared from larvae of Anastrepha mombin praeoptans, LaGrange. July 1938.

TETRASTICHIDAE

1 Tetrastichus hagenowi Ratzeburg

Det. A. B. Gahan. August 1937.

2 Tetrastichus sp.

Det. A. B. Gahan. Reared from a spider egg-case. October 1938.

ENTEDONTIDAE

1 Horismenus sp.

Det. A. B. Gahan. Reared from its pupae attached to a leaf of Rhizophora (mangle). Krause Lagoon. December 1938.

PTEROMALIDAE

1 Neocatalaccus sp.

Det. H. K. Townes. Reared from galls of Cocoloba uvifera. July 1938.

ENCYRTIDAE

1 Hunterellus hookeri Howard

Det. A. B. Gahan. Reared from female nymphs of Rhipicephalus sanguineus. October 1937.

EUPELMIDAE

1 Eupelmus sp.

Det. A. B. Gahan. Reared from seed pod of Rhizophora. June 1938...

CHALCIDIDAE

Determinations by A. B. Gahan. 1 Chalcis robusta Cresson

Swept from grass. July 1937.

2 Brachymeria ovata Sav

Swept from grass. September 1937.

3 Brachymeria robustella Wolcott

Swept from grass. September 1937. 4 Spilochalcis femorata F.

Swept from shrubbery. September 1937.

5 Spilochalcis sp.

Swept from grass. December 1937. Reared from pupa attached to leaf of Rhizophora. Krause Lagoon. December 1938.

Formicoidea'

Determinations by M. R. Smith. Specimens in the U.S.N.M.

Ponerinae

1 Platythyrea punctata F. Smith

In decaying log. Foraging on tree trunk at night. Colony under scaling bark, 150 adults and some eggs, La Grange. March 1935.

2 Ponera opaciceps Mayr

A colony of 25 adults, eggs and pupae, under a large rock, Orange Grove. September 1938.

3 Ponera ergatandria Forel

Foraging. June 1938. Colony of 125 and 1 winged adult in decaying log, Prosperity. April 1938.

4 Ponera sp.

Adults taken foraging. December 1937.

5 Anochetus mayri Emery

Adults inside a dead palm trunk, Crique. 1938. Under a decaying log, Caledonia. November 1938. Foraging, Jealousy streamway. July. In moist pith of rotting log, Prosperity. April 1938.

6 Odontomachus haematodes Linn.

Colony of 50 adults and 20 winged forms, eggs and pupae, in a mass of rotting vegetable matter accumulated in a tree hole. When held between the fingers the adult would audibly snap its mandibles viciously. Mt. Victory. April 1935. Foraging on tree trunk at night. August 1935.

7 Odontomachus haematodes insularis Guérin

Colony of 4 winged adults, 50 workers and brown pupae beneath a board resting on the ground, Coakley Bay (semi-arid region). May 1938. A colony in a mound nest in the fork of two large branches, Collins. July 1938. Foraging at night. July 1938. A colony of 50 and 15 winged adults, pupae and eggs, under loose bark, Mt. Victory, November 1943.

8 Odontomachus sp.

Winged adults taken at light. Annas Hope. August 1937.

Myrmicinae

1 Monomorium carbonarium ebeninum Forel

Adults foraging on decaying lilly bulbs, Oxford. 1935. Winged adults at light. December 1937. Colony of 15 winged adults, 150 workers, pupae and eggs, under the scaling bark of a tree stump, Jealousy streamway. January 1937. Colony of 500 adults, eggs and pupae in a decaying stump. September 1938. A colony of approximately 2000 adults, eggs and pupae, in a dry length of Cecropia. October 1938.

2 Monomorium destructor Jerdon

Attracted to food, Coakley Bay (semi-arid). At light, winged adults.

3 Monomorium floricola Jerdon

Among rotting debris, Caledonia. March 1938. Adults were observed carrying off the eggs of *Aedes aegypti* from a tub. July 1935. A colony of 300 adults, eggs, and pupae, in the dry branch of avocado tree. Kingshill. July 1935.

4 Cardiocondyla emeryi Forel

Adults foraging, Prosperity. June 1935. Adults beneath dry cattle dung, Butler's Bay. March 1937. On flowers of cactus, *Opuntia* sp., Sight. May 1938.

5 Cardiocondyla venustula Wheeler July 1936.

6 Solenopsis corticalis Forel

A small colony beneath a large rock, Prosperity. 1938.

7 Solenopsis geminata Fabr.

Tunnels in sandy soil, Krause Lagoon. April 1935. Winged adults at light. August—December, 1937. Under a log on the sea shore. A ground nest of approximately 2000 workers and 100 winged adults, besides eggs and pupae, Oxford. March 1938.

8 Solenopsis globularia borinquenensis Wheeler

Foraging on gravelly soil Oxford. April 1935. Winged adults swarming at dusk, Lower Love. January 1941.

9 Solenopsis sp.

Adults foraging, Christiansted cemetery. June 1935. Winged adults at light. June 1935. Winged male and female were taken in copula in flight at dusk, Sight. November 1935. Winged adults at light, Mary's Fancy. February 1936. Colony in decaying stump, eggs. September 1938. Winged adults swarming at dusk, La Grange. June 1941.

10 Pheidole fallax jelskii var. antillensis Forel

A colony of approximately 700 workers and 26 winged forms in a ground nest. They have a predominantly feeal odor. Prosperity. April 1938.

11 Pheidole flavens sculptior Forel

Colony of 150 adults, pupae and eggs, in pith of rotting log, Prosperity. April 1938. Foraging on moss, Caledonia. December 1940.

12 Pheidole flavens thomensis Emery

Colony beneath a large rock, Crique. May 1937. Winged adults at light. December 1937.

13 Pheidole moerens Wheeler

Adults under dry cattle dung, Butler's Bay. March 1937. Colony in gravelly soil beneath a large rock, Concordia. May 1938.

14 Pheidole megacephala Fabr.

Colony in a hole in wall, several queens were noted. These ants emit an audible squeak while actively foraging. At dusk swarms were flying against a light breeze and were being captured and eaten by Kingbirds, Turannus dominicensis, and Anis, Crotophaga ani. Beeston Hill. February 1936. Winged adults at light. December 1937.

15 Pheidole sp. flavens group

Adults foraging, Prosperity. June 1935. Male and female in copula taken in flight, Constitution Hill. December 1935. Winged adults taken in flight. February 1936.

16 Crematogaster steinheili Forel

Colony of 200 adults, pupae and eggs, in dry tree branch, and when disturbed they ran around with the gaster held erect, Oxford. April 1935. Winged adults at light, Mary's Fancy. February 1936. Colony in rotting branch, Annaly. February 1935.

17 Tetramorium guineense Fabr.

Adults were foraging on water-hyacinth plants in Annas Hope stream. July 1935.

18 Tetramorium lucayanum Wheeler

Adults taken foraging, Caledonia. December 1937 and December 1940.

19 Tetramorium simillimum Nylander

Foraging. December 1937. Adults in rotting stump, Oxford. April 1937.

20 Wasmannia auropunctata Roger

Colony in cavity of dry branch, Mt. Eagle. June 1935. Colony of 200 adults, pupae and eggs, under scaling bark, La Grange. March 1936. Adults, Caledonia. December 1940.

21 Leptogenys punticeps vincentensis Forel

Adults were taken foraging at night, Morning Star pump. July 1938. 22 Strumigenys eggersi Emery

Winged adults were taken in a house in Christiansted. June 1935.

23 Strumigenys rogeri Emery

Adults taken foraging on moss, Caledonia. December 1940.

24 Mycocepurus smithi borinquensis Wheeler

25 Epitritus emmae Emery

26 Cyphomyrmex rimosus minutus Mayr

Colony of 200 adults, pupae and eggs, in moist soil near a water

hole, Lower Love. February 1936. Colony beneath a large rock, 150 and 15 winged adults, pupae and eggs. March 1937. Colony of 50 adults, pupae and eggs, in moist soil beneath a large stone. When disturbed the adults play possum and remain quiet for several minutes. April 1938.

Dolichoderinae

1 Tapinoma melanocephalum Fabr.

Pests in insectory stealing everything. However, it is not widely distributed. July 1935.

2 Iridomyrmex melleus Wheeler

A small colony taken from a dry branch, Mt. Eagle. June 1935.

3 Dorymyrmex pyramicus niger Pergande

A colony of 600 adults, pupae and eggs. Very active when disturbed, tunneling in soil. Several mounds that were five feet apart were connected by overland trails and the ants were seen moving from one to the other. Slob Bay (semi arid area). May 1935. Colony in the cavity of a dry branch. March 1938.

Formicinae

1 Brachymyrmex heeri Forel

A colony of 3 winged adults and 35 workers in a root-node cavity, Christiansted, September 1935. Adults foraging, Oxford. April 1935. Small colony beneath a rock, Grange streamway. A small colony beneath scaling bark, Collins. July 1938.

2 Brachymyrmex sp.

Swarming winged adults in flight at dawn, Blessing. February 1936. Adults foraging, LaGrange. June 1943.

3 Prenolepis (Nylanderia) fulva Mayr

Foraging adults were taken about the edge of a small pool, Blessing, July 1935. Feeding on fruit of *Cactus intortus*, Sight. July 1936.

4 Prenolepis (Nylanderia) vividula Nylander

Foraging adults. July 1935.

5 Prenolepis (Nylanderia) longicornis Latreille

Colony of 50 winged adults and 500 workers beneath a log on the sandy beach, Watch Ho. September 1938.

6 Prenolepis (Nylanderia) sp.

Adults taken foraging, La Grange. December 1937.

7 Camponotus sexguttatus Fabr

Colony of 300 adults, eggs and pupae, in the cavity of a dry branch, Constitution Hill. April 1935. Colony of pupae and eggs, 75 workers and 18 winged adults, beneath scaling bark. September 1938.

8 Camponotus sp.

Colony of 300 in a hollow stump, Green Cay Islat. January 1936. Colony in decaying log, Prosperity. May 1937. A colony of pupae and eggs, 200 workers and 18 winged adults, beneath a rotting log resting in sand, Coakley Bay (semi-arid). May 1938.

9 Myrmelachista ramulorum Wheeler

Adults taken foraging on mangroves, Krause Lagoon. May 1935.

10 Rhizomyrma sp.

Winged adult captured in flight at dusk, Constitution Hill, October 1937.

Sphecoidea

BEMBECIDAE

Determinations by G. A. Sandhouse.

1 Bembex muscicapa Handlirsch

Taken at tunnels in sandy soil. August 1936.

2 Stictia signata Linn.

Predaceous on Hermetia illucens, Trichopoda sp, Lucilia sp. Tunnels in sandy soil. September 1936.

SPHECIDAE

1 Notogonidea trifasciata Smith

Det. K. V. Krombein. September 1936.

2 Notogonidea vinulenta Cresson

Det. K. V. Krombein. September 1939.

3 Notogonidea sp. Det. K. V. Krombein. September 1939.

4 Tachytes argentipes Smith

Det. K. V. Krombein. July 1937.

5 Prionyx thomae Fabr.

Det. K. V. Krombein. August 1936.

6 Tachysphex sp.

Det. G. A. Sandhouse. August 1937.

7 Ammobia singularis F. Smith

Det. G. A. Sandhouse. Males and females taken from tunnels in soil, Adventure. August 1936.

Vespoidea

SCOLIDAE

1 Myzine ephippum Fabr.

Det. G. A. Sandhouse. August 1937.

2 Campsomeris dorsata Fabr.

Det. G. A. Sandhouse. September 1937.

PSAMMOCHARIDAE

1 Pepsis rubra Drury

Det. J. Bequaert. Tunnels in limestone cliffs. August 1935.

2 Batazonus mundiformis Rohwer

Det. K. V. Krombein. July 1936.

3 Planiceps sp.

"Probably new." Det. K. V. Krombein. September 1937.

VESPIDAE

1 Polistes crinitus insulicola Beq. & Sal.

Det. J. Bequaert. Predaceous on small lepidopterous larvae. Nesting in October 1935.

2 Mischocyttarus phthisicus Fabr.

Det. J. Bequaert. Nests October 1935.

EUMENIDAE

Pachodyneurus (Monobiella) cinerascens Fabr.
 Det. J. Bequaert. Tunnels in limestone cliffs, July 1935. Predaceous on lepidopterous larvae.

2 Odyneurus sp.

Det. K. V. Krombein. July 1935.

Apoidea

HALICTIDAE

1 Halictus busckiellus Cockerell

Det. K. V. Krombein. June 1936.

2 Halictus sp. . Det. K. V.

Det. K. V. Krombein. July 1936

3 Halictus sp.

Det. K. V. Krombein. July 1936.

ANTHOPHORIDAE

1 Centris poecila Lepelletier

Det. G. A. Sandhouse. October 1937.

2 Centris versicolor Fabr.

Det. K. V. Krombein. October 1937.

3 Exomalopsis globosa Fabr.

Det. K. V. Krombein. September 1936.

4 Anthophora krugii Cresson Det, K. V. Krombein. August 1936.

EUCERIDAE

1 Melissodes trifasciata Cresson Det. K. V. Krombein. June 1935.

MEGACHILIDAE

Determinations by G. A. Sandhouse.

- Coelioxys abdominalis Guérin July 1936.
- 2 Megachile binotata Guérin On flowers. August 1936.
- 3 Megachile flavitarsata Smith On flowers. August 1936.

XYLOCOPIDAE

 Xylocopa brasilianorum Linn.
 Det. K. V. Krombein. Tunnels in dry stump of Hippomane mancinella. September 1935.

BRACHYURAN CRABS OF ST. CROIX, V. I.

BY HARRY A. BEATTY

In a paper on the brachyuran crabs, "Scientific Survey of Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands," Vol. XV, part 1, 1933, Rathbun recorded 47 species from St. Croix. The Beatty collection was brought together during 1933 to 1938. It catalogs 53 species, of which 37 are new records, and raises the number of crabs reported from the island to 68 species, distributed among 50 genera and 13 families. The collection was donated to the National Museum, and the author is indebted to Waldo L. Schmitt for making the determinations.

It is quite well known that the transference of living organisms from a salt-water environment to another of purely fresh water will produce fatal functional results. Yet, here we are confronted with an adaptation by organisms to suit their caprices, we concede this since there are no other compelling forces in evidence, the Fairplain complex presents a field of such unreasonable surprises.

Let us voyage up the streamway, beginning at the seacoast, picking up such things as Callinectes sapidus acutidens, Panopeus herbstii forma crassa, Pachygrapsus transversus in the mossy shallows. The waters around us is teeming with fish, including such forms as the mullet, cramo, snook, heddo, yellowtail and tarpon. As we travel along upstream, preferably in a batteau, we notice that the water is rapidly changing, and throughout the transition from salt to fresh we find Panopeus clinging to clumps of moss enveloping the roots of the mangrove (Avicenia sp.); Callinectes can be coaxed up from the deep to the water's edge by a mash prepared from crushed land crabs (Cardisoma guanhumi). We are now half of the way to the bridge, which is six hundred yards from the sea, the stream at this point is six feet deep, the dark brown liquid is about twenty-five per cent salt water. Beyond this point the stream bed is ascending, the water freshens rapidly, and is from one to three feet in depth. It is impossible to send the batteau against the current, so from here we must wade, bypassing many sizable pools between banks fringed with black mangroves (Rhizophora); until the bridge forms a barrier, where the stream cascades over a high pavement. Here, in contrast, the water is fresh and clear. We are more than ever eager to explore; so overboard another generous offering of mash and up comes Callinectes sapidus acutidens, C. bocourti, to be tricked into a net. In the evening we can surprise Callinectes at the water's edge, audibly snapping its chela at passing shrimps, and making occasional captures. Now, wading in along the pools and turning up the larger rocks there, again you see Panopeus herbstii forma crassa, Pachygrapsus transversus and P. gracilis hurriedly shifting themselves to hide in the gravelly bed. From the pools, frightened mullet, cramo, snook and tarpons dart downstream. In the becalmed back-wash of the flow small heddo and yellowtails are poised motionless in readiness to pounce upon unwary victims. Here, also, roams the delicate little pipefish Dory-rhamphus lineatus (E. Reid).

And there is another picture of nature at her best.

MAJIDAE

- 1 Stenorynchus sagittarius Fabr.
 - On moss covered coastal rocks. Christiansted harbor.
- 2 Anomalothir furcillatus Stimpson 115 fathoms.
- 3 Euprognatha gracilipes A. M. Edwards Frederiksted harbor.
- 4 Acanthonyx petiverii H. M. Edwards Frederiksted harbor, in moss.
- 5 Espialtus bituberculatus H. M. Edwards Shallows, in moss. Salt River.
- 6 Menaethiops portoricensis Rathbun Frederiksted harbor, shallows, moss.
- 7 Trachymaia comuta A. M. Edwards 82 fathoms.
- 8 Chorinus heros Herbst In moss, Salt River.
- 9 Pitho Iherminieri Schramm
- 10 Mithrax (Mithrax) acuticornis Stimpson . 12-45 fathoms.
- 11 Mithrax (Mithrax) holderi Stimpson
- 12 Mithrax (Mithrax) pilosus Rathbun 4 fathoms, in fish traps.
- 13 Mithrax (Mithrax) hispidus Herbst 4 fathoms, in fish traps.
- 14 Mithrax (Mithrax) caribbaeus Rathbun Frederiksted harbor.
- 15 Mithrax (Mithrax) pleuracanthus Stimpson 15 fathoms, off Coakley Bay.
- 16 Mithrax (Mithraculus) sculptus Lamarck Coastal rocks, Judith Fancy Bay.
- 17 Mithrax (Mithraculus) coryphe Herbst Shallows, moss, Frederiksted harbor.

- 18 Mithrax (Mithraculus) forceps A. M. Edwards 15 fathoms, Coakley Bay.
- 19 Teleophrys ornatus Rathbun 4 fathoms.
- 20 Macrocoeloma diplacanthum Stimpson
- 21 Macrocoeloma eutheca Stimpson 37 fathoms.
- 22 Microphys bicornutus Latreille
 Shallows, moss, Judith Fancy Bay.

PARTHENOPIDAE

- 1 Solenolambrus tenellus Stimpson 35 fathoms.
- 2 Heterocrypta sp. Moss, Frederiksted harbor.

PORTUNIDAE

- 1 Portunus (Achelous) sebae H. M. Edwards 2 fathoms, Christiansted harbor.
- 2 Callinectes sapidus acutidens Rathbun At bridge, Fairplain stream.
- 3 Callinectes ornatus Ordway Shallows, Salt River Bay.
- 4 Callinectes marginatus A. M. Edwards Shallows, Salt River Bay.
- 5 Callinectes bocourti A. M. Edwards At bridge, Fairplain stream.
- 6 Callinectes exasperatus Gerstaecker 4 fathoms, Christiansted harbor.

POTAMONIDAE

1 Epilobocera sinuatifrons A. M. Edwards Caledonia stream

If sinualifrons communicate among themselves by subterranean signals then there is a measure of eager anticipation awaiting the patient student who would decipher the code. The crab may shelter beneath rocks and within cracks by day, and often prepares its own hole in loose soil, but, always, it is found in shaded mountain streams. Comes nightfall, and the patient listener is suddenly thrilled to a muffled drumming: tat tat tat, tat. Tat, tat, tat, tat, and so continuing for many long minutes. Presently a reply comes from across the way and thereafter the signals come drifting in from numerous points. The manner by

which the sound is produced remains unknown but apparently it is made before coming into the open, although roaming crabs might be expected to carry on. Any attempt on the part of the listener to draw closer conveys a warning as, also, a beam of light and instantly the signals fade into the tranquility of the jungle's shadows.

XANTHIDAE

- 1 Carpilius corallinus Herbst
- 5 fathoms, off the north coast. 2 Actaea setigera H. M. Edwards
- Shallows, moss, Frederiksted Harbor.
- 3 Actaea rufopunctata nodosa Stimpson 70 fathoms.
- 4 Actaea acantha H. M. Edwards Shallows, moss, Frederiksted harbor.
- 5 Leptodius floridanus Gibbs Shallows, under rocks, Salt River Bay.
- 6 Xantho sp
 - Near nudipes. Shallows, Green Cay Islet.
- 7 Panopeus herbstii H. M. Edwards Shallows, Salt River Bay.
- 8 Panopeus herbstii forma crassa A. M. Edwards
- In moss and beneath rocks, Fairplain stream below bridge.
- 9 Panopeus herbstii forma simpsoni Rathbun Moss, Frederiksted harbor.
- 10 Panopeus occidentalis Saussure
- 11 Panopeus bermudensis Benedict & Rathbun 3 fath. Christiansted harbor.
- 12 Eurypanopeus abbreviatus Stimpson
- 13 Micropanope sculptipes Stimpson 15 fathoms.
- 14 Micropanope lobifrons A. M. Edwards 80 fathoms.
- 80 fathoms.
 15 Micropanope pusilla A. M. Edwards
- 16 Micropanope urinator A. M. Edwards 245 fathoms.
- 17 Micropanope barbadensis Rathbun Shallows, moss, Frederiksted harbor.
- 18 Chlorodiella longimana H. M. Edwards
- 19 Pilumnus marshi Rathbun

17 fathoms.

20 Pilumnus reticulatus forma fragosa A. M. Edwards

- 21 Ozius reticulatus Desbonne & Schramm Shallows, Judith Fancy Bay:
- 22 Eriphia gonagra Fabr

CYMOPOLIIDAE

- Cymopolia affinis A, M, Edwards
 115 fathoms.
 Cymopolia sica A, M, Edwards
 - 20 fathoms.
- 3 Cymopolia angusta Rathbun 117 fathoms.
- 4 Cymopolia depressa Rathbun 117 fathoms.

GRAPSIDAE

- 1 Grapsus grapsus Linn Shallows, under rocks, Green Cay.
- 2 Geograpsus lividus H. M. Edwards Shallows, under rocks; Green Cay.
- 3 Goniopsis cruentata Latreille Green Cay.
- 4 Pachygrapsus transversus Gibbes Shallows, Salt River Bay. Under rocks, Fairplain stream below bridge.
- 5 Pachygrapsus gracilis Saussure Under rocks, Fairplain stream, bridge.
- 6 Pachygrapsus corrugatus Von Martens Shallows, Judith Fancy Bay.
- 7 Sesarma (Holometopus) ricordi H. M. Edwards
 Along the coast.
- 8 Sesarma (Holometopus) angustipes Dana Along the coast.
- 9 Cyclograpsus integer H. M. Edwards Shallows, Judith Fancy Bay.
- 10 Plagusia depressa Fabr

About mangroves near swamps.

11 Percnon gibbesi H. M. Edwards

GECARCINIDAE

1 Cardisoma guanhumi Latreille Common land crab.

THE FRESH WATER FISHES OF ST. CROIX, V. I.

BY HARRY A. BEATTY

Of the numerous small streams which seam the island from the highlands to the seacoast only a few of them, under normal conditions, maintain running water throughout the year. Nevertheless, the finny tribes inhabiting them survive the drought in some miraculous way and with the rains they again reappear in the form of larval fishes to populate the streams. This is particularly true of Sicydium plumier's which can be seen hovering near her eggs which are attached to the sheltered side of a rock in swift running water. This beautiful little fish, of steel-blue with white fins, will desert her spawn with the greatest reluctance when disturbed but will return immediately to stand guard. The determinations in the paper were made by Earl D. Reid and a few by the writer. The specimens are deposited in the U. S. National Museum.

GINGLYMOSTOMIDAE

1 Ginglymostoma cirratum Gmelin

Nurse-shark frequently seen in the slightly brackish waters of Fairplain stream a quarter mile from its entrance into the sea.

MYLIOBATIDAE

2 Aetobatus narinari Euphrasen

Small specimens are often seen in the slightly brackish waters of Fairplain stream.

ANGUILLIDAE

3 Anguilla bostonensis

Det. E. D. Reid. During the winter months the larval eel, which is about two inches in length, can be seen migrating upstream in Fairplain, Concordia and Caledonia streams.

ELOPIDAE

4 Tarpon atlanticus Cuvier & Valen

Large specimens enter the slightly brackish waters of Fairplain stream a quarter mile from the sea.

ALBULIDAE

5 Albula vulpes Everman & Marsh

In South Gate Pond; water brackish.

POECILIDAE

6 Lebistes reticulatus

Common in all streams and reservoirs. Omnivorus in feeding habits.

SYNGNATHIDAE

7 Doryrhamphus lineatus

Det. E. D. Reid. Taken in Fairplain stream, below bridge. Feed on minute aquatic creatures. Rare.

MUGILIDAE

8 Mugil brasiliensis Everman & Marsh Enters fresh-water streams.

9 Mugil curema Everman & Marsh

Enters fresh-water streams.

10 Agonostomus monticola Everman & Marsh

Det. E. D. Reid. A species that is never abundant but has an extremely interesting life cycle which requires investigation. It would be of interest to explain how streams that have become dust beds and may remain in that condition for as many as three successive years can become populated with minute larval fish about three months after inundation by heavy rainfall. This species subsists entirely on animal matter.

CENTROPOMIDAE

11 Centropomus undecimalis Everman & Marsh

Common in the waters of Fairplain stream. Feeds on animal matter.

GOBIIDAE

Det. E. D. Reid

12 Philypnus dormitor Everman & Marsh

· Taken in Altona, Concordia and Fairplain streams.

13 Dormitator maculatus Bloch

Shoys Marsh, Fairplain stream. Feeds on animal matter.

14 Sicydium plumieri Bloch

Caledonia stream. Feeds on moss.

15 Evorthodus lyricus

Caledonia and Fairplain streams. Feeds on moss.

16 Awaous taiasica Everman & Marsh

Fairplain and Concordia streams.

2 Ucides cordatus Linn

Rare, Morningstar swamp.

3 Gecarcinus lateralis Freminville

Along the coast.

4 Gecarcinus ruricola Linn.

Green Cay Islet.

OCYPODIDAE

Ocupode albicans Bosc
 Common along the beach.

2 Uca mordax Smith

At Tagus Pond, Krause Lagoon, Longpoint pond.

3 Uca pugnax rapax Smith

Is found near fresh and brackish water generally, Fairplain stream, Rust-op-twist pond, and at Salt pond close to a spring.

LEUCOSIIDAE

1 Lithadia granulosa A. M. Edwards 115 fathoms.

CALAPPIDAE

1 Calappa flammea Herbst

Fish traps at 3 fathoms, Christiansted harbor

2 Calappa angusta A. M. Edwards

Fish trap, 3 fathoms, Christiansted harbor. 3 Calappa gallus Herbst

Fish traps, 3 fathoms, Christiansted harbor.

4 Osachila antillensis Rathbun

67 fathoms.

DORIPPIDAE

1 Cymonomus quadratus A. M. Edwards 100 fathoms.

DROMIIDAE

1 Dromia erythropus G. Edwards 30 fathoms off Buck Island.

2 Dromidia antillensis Stimpson Frederiksted harbor.

HOMOLIDAE

1 Homologenus rostratus A. M. Edwards 580 fathoms.

THE MAMMALS OF ST. CROIX, V. I.

By HARRY A. BEATTY

The mammalian fauna was very poorly represented on St. Croix. of 8 recorded species, 3 of them, Capromys, Isolobodon and Dasyprocta, became exterminated during historic times, and probably were influenced directly by the destruction of the original forests. The dispersal over the island of the three extinct species and their importance in the Carib economy is borne out by the abundance of remains found in kitchen middens. Later, followed the introduction of 4 species of exotic animals. The arrival of Rattus is unrecorded. The mongoose was thought to be the answer to the sugar cane planter's prayer for an efficient enemy of the rats which had overrun the plantations, becoming an important pest and doing considerable damage to the crops annually. Amid much ceremony and well wishing 3 pairs of mongoose were liberated on the island in 1867. There is evidence that the rats have been considerably reduced but they are yet here and still a serious pest, along with the mongoose. The deer was brought in from the continent by the captain of a trading schooner about the year 1790.

I am indebted to Alexander Wetmore for determinations of the fossil material and to Geret S. Miller, Jr., for the identifications of bats. Remington Kellogg very kindly arranged the orderly presentation of the nomenclature and identified the mongoose and the deer. The Muridae was determined by the writer.

Class MAMMALIA

Subclass Eutheria

Order CHIROPTERA (Bats)

Family NOCTILIONIDAE

1 Noctilio leporinus mastivus Dahl

I think this is one of the most highly odorous of the bats and a keen olfactory can detect the pungent musk as the animal passes by even though it may be fifty feet away. It would be unusual to find Noctilio in the woods but a trip to the nearest body of water, whether it is a pool, a large dam or in a quiet bay, will reveal the aptness with which it can pick up insects and small fish on the surface. For the purpose it has developed a skin pouch controlled by the hind limbs and whatsoever is scooped up is quickly transfered to the mouth and as the creature continues in graceful flight a distinct crunching sound can be heard as the food is chewed in powerful jaws. This bat is rare.

Family PHYLLOSTOMIDAE

1 Brachyphylla cavernarum Gray

Small colonies seek shelter in old buildings in disuse or cluster together in dense tree tops. Common.

2 Artibeus jamaicensis jamaicensis Leach

This bat is often found in sizable colonies sheltering in old buildings side by side with *Brachyphylla* but the two species do not intermingle. Little bunches of five or ten can be seen hanging from the fronds of the coconut palm or in trees with heavy foliage. The female is often seen flying at dusk with her young clutching to the fur on her abdomen. A common species.

Family MOLOSSIDAE

1 Molossus major Kerr

This the most common bat on the island can be seen at dusk high in the air, pursuing flying insects. During daylight it secretes itself in crevices and more often in the dark ceilings in houses. Both sexes have a musk gland beneath the chin and its strong pungent odor pervades its haunts.

Order CARNIVORA

Family VIVERRIDAE (Mongoose)

1 Herpestes javanicus auropunctatus Hodgson

The impact of this vicious little predator upon the avian fauna is reflected in the rapid numerical decrease of ground-nesting birds, notably the Bobwhite (Colinus virginianus), after its introduction into the island from India, via Jamaica, in 1867. It has become well dispersed, its habits are very simple and my recent studies have shown that it can be eradicated from the island. That it is an exceedingly healthy little beast is shown in an intensive search for diseased material which, so far, has been unsuccessful but it is pestered by fleas (Ctenocephalides felis) and an insatiable appetite. It begins its day hunting for lizards on the dew-laden grasses at dawn and may climax it with a bird or two at setting of the sun. As an omnivorous feeder it is notorious and is fond of live reptiles, snails, insects and small animals as well as decomposing tissue and ripe fruits. During the mating season a den is prepared in a hollow log or other natural cavity and there a pair of kittens is born in July-August. mongoose rarely climbs into trees and will haunt the borders of a pond in its search for crabs and dead fish. Erik Lawaetz tells a story

of how his attention was attracted to a tall tree by the squeaking of a rat. He saw a mongoose rummaging in the bulky leaf nest of a rat when suddenly the rat ran out and quickly reentered. This was followed by agonizing squeaks after which the rat lurched from the nest and fell to the ground twenty-five feet below. It had been injured by the mongoose, but dragged itself into the dense underbrush and was lost. The mongoose presently emerged from the rat's nest and, as Erik says, "was licking his chops." From the behavior of both the rat and the mongoose it is probable that young rats in the nest were the victims. But the mongoose has its trials too for one day I saw a hawk (Buteo jamaicensis jamaicensis) pick up a half-grown young from atop a rock pile. Similar occurrences have been related by the hill folks.

Order RODENTIA

Family MURIDAE

1 Mus musculus musculus Linnaeus

Common in the fields and woods, and about dwellings. No parasites have been recorded from this mouse.

2 Rattus rattus alexandrinus Geoffroy

Tree rat. The nest of the tree rat is a familiar sight in the woods. It is constructed of green leaves that are loosely held together by the small branches clustered at the end of a limb; saplings and vines offer the best sites. But this rat is at home equally in the lagoons where the large bulky nest is placed in the small mangrove clumps often growing in isolated spots and the rat must swim to and fro on foraging expeditions. This nest is usually three feet in diameter and while the outside is quite dry, the core is always being replenished, almost nightly, with fresh green leaves. A test has shown that considerable humidity and a marked thermal increase are released by bacterial action on the green vegetable matter, creating an environment that must be essential to the physical comfort of the animal. When a nest is disturbed the rats flee instantly, plumping into the water and swimming below for twenty feet before surfacing.

3 Rattus norvegicus Berkenhout

House rat. The common rat about buildings. It is notorious for the destruction of chickens and small mammals, as well as doing wide-spread damage to stored produce. The nest is constructed of any thing available and the prefered location is in a tree hole, in boxes in the cellar or in burrows in the ground.

Family ECHIMYIDAE (Spiny Rats)

1 Capromys sp.

Skeletal material has been recovered from the kitchen middens in Carib settlements located in the western two thirds of the island which was heavily forested at the time.

·2 Isolobodon sp.

Kitchen middens also yielded the only evidence known of the occurrence of the animal in the island.

Family DASYPROCTIDAE (Agoutis)

1 Dasyprocta aguti Linnaeus

There are no recent records of the agouti in St. Croix but it is yet found in the forests on some neighboring islands. Kitchen midden material indicates that it was abundant during the Caribera, and the wide extent to which it was used as food. The passing of the agouti from the island is, probably, simultaneous with the destruction of the heavy forests during historic times and it became an easy prey of hunting dogs.

Order ARTIODACTYLUS

1 Odocoileus virginianus subsp.

This form of the North American white-tailed deer has become happily adjusted to its environment on St. Croix, following its introduction in 1790. There is abundant evidence of its physical stamina and the examination of carcasses for internal parasites have yielded only the adult worms of Cysticercus tenuicollis which were attached to the mesenteries. This worm also has been reported from sheep in the island.

The deer is subjected to infestations with the cattle tick, Boophilus annulatus microplus. During a campaign devised for the extermination of this tick from the island the deer, it was agreed, was host to the tick and therefore a potential menace to the cleanup program and so was destined for a vigorous campign of slaughter. In the course of the first twelve month period approximately one thousand two hundred deer were killed and many of them were carefully examined. All domestic animals, meanwhile, were subjected to dipping in arsenical solutions. At the close of the twelve month period I checked my field notes and observed that deer killed six months after dipping had begun were entirely tick-free and this record was maintained ummarred up until such time as the project was discontinued. Later, by a careful analysis of all the accumulated data, I was able to arrive at conclusions as following. It is wholly unnecessary to eradicate the deer on St. Croix in any attempt to make the island tick-free. The

only expedient suggested is an effort aimed at reducing the deer first to a numerical low level by increased hunting pressure and thereafter to maintain a continual movement of the deer in every section of the island. This could best be accomplished by a crew of beaters with dogs. By this method, the deer is not allowed to bed down in a favorite haunt which would be naturally infested with seed ticks. By frustrating the instinct of the seed tick to attach itself to a warm blooded host it will perish from the lack of nourishment within thirty days. Other stray ticks picked up by demestic animals were killed by dipping

domestic animals were killed by dipping. The rutting season for deer begins in June and is persistent until about September. The length of the gestation period is undetermined and it may be 120 days. The fawning season is from November to February when twins are born to the matured does and a single fawn is dropped by the young doe. The sex ratio of fawns is predominantly female and it is uncertain whether a set of twins will be of mixed or similar sexes. There is some evidence to bear out the belief that similar sexes, rather than the exception, is nearer the rule. The buck sheds his antlers during September-November and it is nothing unusual to see several of them ranging together at that time. The new antlers reach maturity about six months later. The yearling buck sprouts his spike horns at 7-8 months of age at a time when the fur is assuming the brown spotless coat of the adult. The exceptions at variance with this data are the records of fawns born in every month of the year. The post-seasonal fawning rate appears to be quite low, and is in itself a biological phenomena already observed among members of this family in the tropics. However, it is suspected that yearling does are principal offenders in these instances.