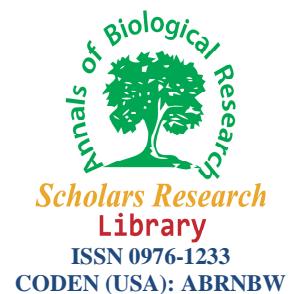




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Bph14 gene determining brown-planthopper (*Nilaparvata lugens* Stal) resistance in rice varieties (*Oryza sativa* L.)

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ABSTRACT

The brown planthopper (BPH) is one of the major insect pests of many rice areas in Vietnam [3]. Many researchers have reported that host plant resistance is the most effective way of controlling BPH, and thus breeding of insect resistance has taken priority in rice improvement programs [6]. In this study, we determined the present of bph14 gene in four rice varieties IRRI 352, BG 367-2, Sai Duong Kien An, Loc Nuoc. They were the BPH resistance rice varieties and their BPH resistant capacity were tested and supplied by Plant Resources Center, Science Institute of Agronomy, Hanoi, Vietnam. These rice varieties were cultivated and studied in Thua Thien Hue, Vietnam. From cds of bph14 gene sequence (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov>, accession number: FJ941067.1) we have designed primers to identify of bph14 gene in these rice cultivars. Results showed that among these four rice varieties, bph14 gene was detected in Sai Duong Kien An and Loc Nuoc but it was not detected in IRRI 352 and BG 367-2.

Key words: *bph14*, brown planthopper, brown planthopper resistance gene, BPH.

INTRODUCTION

Brown planthopper causes direct damage to the plant by sucking the phloem sap, feeds by phloem abstraction and causes hopper burn, and transmits viral diseases [2], [7]. Farmers used to chemical method for controlling this insect, which are expensive and harmful to the environment. The most economical and environment-friendly strategy to control this insect is to grow genetically resistant rice varieties [4], [6].

To date, 22 major BPH resistance genes have been identified from the gene pool of cultivated and wild species of *Oryza*. Of the 22 genes conferring resistance to brown planthopper, two resistance genes, *bph14* and *bph18* have been cloned [5].

According to Bo Du et al (2009), *bph14* was mapped on the long arm of chromosome 3. This BPH gene encodes a coiled-coil, nucleotide-binding, and leucine-rich repeat (CC-NB-LRR) protein. Sequence comparison indicates that *bph14* carries a unique LRR domain that might function in recognition of the BPH insect invasion and activating the defense response [8]. Expression of *Bph14* activates the salicylic acid signaling pathway and induces callose deposition in phloem cells and trypsin inhibitor production after planthopper infestation, leading to reduce the feeding, growth rate, and longevity of the BPH insects [1].

In this study, we determined *bph14* gene in four rice varieties IRRI 352, BG 367-2, Sai Duong Kien An, Loc Nuoc. The purpose of this study is to understand of the resistance mechanism of these lines and choose BPH resistance rice cultivars.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Plant materials

Four rice (*Oryza sativa* L.) varieties IRRI 352, BG 367-2, Sai Duong Kien An, Loc Nuoc from Plant Resources Center (Science Institute of Agronomy, Hanoi, Viet Nam) were cultivated and studied in Thua Thien Hue province.

DNA isolation

Total genomic DNA was extracted from young leaves (20 days old). Young leaves were ground in liquid nitrogen. Powdered rice leaf was dispersed in eppendorf tube with 500 µL extraction buffer (100 mM Tris.HCl, 500 mM NaCl, 50 mM EDTA, pH 7.5), and mixed well. Adding 50 mL SDS (Sodium dodecyl sulfate) 20% and incubated at 65°C for 30 minutes. The supernatant was extracted two times with an equal volume of phenol, phenol: chloroform (1:1, v/v) and chloroform. Nucleic acids was precipitated by adding an equal volume of cold ethanol 100%, and centrifuged at 12.000 rpm/4°C for 15 minutes. The pellet was washed by cold ethanol 70%, dried at room temperature, and then dissolved in TE buffer (10 mM Tris.HCl pH 7.5 and 1mM EDTA).

Isolate BPH resistance gene – *bph14*

Design primers

We used DNASIS to designed 4 primer pairs (Figure 1 and Table 1) for 4 overlapping sequences in *bph14* cds region.

Table 1. Sequences of specific primer pairs to *bph14* gene

Primer	Forward sequence	Reverse sequence	Fragment size (bp)
M1	ATGGCGGAGCTAATGGCCACCA	AGAGTTCTTATATCATGGAACTCA	1491
M2	GATCATGAGATTGACGTGGAAA	AAGTCACCTAGCTTGTTGGTG	1541
M3	AGTCGATGGAACCTCCAAGGG	GATGAGTATGCTTGAGGCC	1025
M4	AATCTTGCTTAGGAGAGCTCGC	CTACTTCAAGCACATCAGC	919

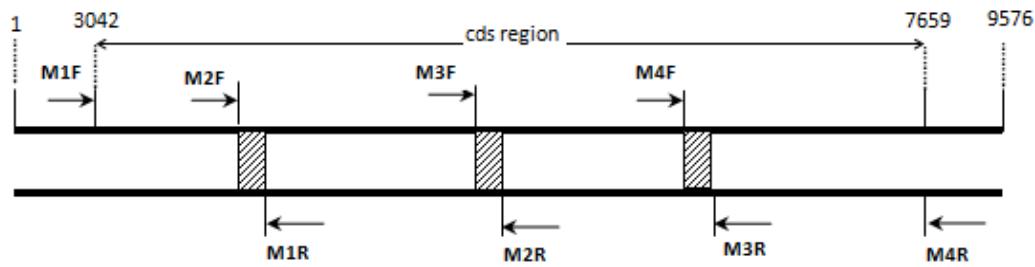


Figure 1. Diagram of primers on *bph14* gene (9576 bp)
: Overlapping fragments

PCR amplification

Identification of the presence of *bph14* gene on the genome of some rice cultivars through determining the presence of four DNA sequences in genome. Specific primers to four DNA sequences were showed in Table 1 and Figure 1.

PCR amplifications were performed as follow: 50 µL of reaction mixture containing 100 ng of total DNA, 10 pmol each of primers, 200 mM dNTPs, 1.5 mM MgCl₂, 10 µL of 5×Taq polymerase buffer and 1.25 unit Taq polymerase (Promega). The polymerase chain reaction was conducted with thermocycler (Icycler, Bio-Rad), with the following temperature profiles: The initial denaturation was at 95°C for 5 min, followed by 30 cycles of denaturing at 95°C for 1 min, annealing at 55°C for 1 min, extension at 72°C for 1 min, and 10 min at 72°C for final extension. The PCR products were electrophoresed with 1.2% agarose gel at 100 volts in 1× TAE buffer and stained with ethidium bromide (0.5 µg/mL) for 15 min. The stained gel was photographed under UV light using gel documentation system (Biorad).

Cloning and sequencing of PCR products

PCR products with expected size from 1.2% agarose gel were purified using Gel Purification AccuPrep® Kit (Bioneer, Korea) and cloned into pTZ57R/T vector (Figure 2). Reaction mixture contained 0.54 pmol PCR products, 5× T4 ligation buffer, 4 units of T4 DNA ligase, 0.18pmol pTZ57R/T vector; the final volume was 10 µL. The reaction was incubated at 4°C for overnight, followed by transforming the reaction mixture into *E.coli* (DH5-alpha, Invitrogen) by heat shock method at 42°C for 90 seconds and then at 4°C for 3 min. Recombinants were selected by method of blue/white colonies. Recombinant *E. coli* cells were cultured in liquid LB broth with ampicillin at 37°C for 15hours, and biomass was collected by centrifugation. Finally, plasmid DNA was extracted by AccuPrep® Plasmid Mini Extraction Kit (Bioneer, Korea). PCR products were sequenced by method of fluorescent dideoxy-terminator on CEQ machine (Ver. 7.0.55). These nucleotide sequences were compared with corresponding regions in *bph14* gene (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov>, accession number: FJ941067.1).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Amplification of cds region of *bph14* gene

We identified the *bph14* gene on the genome DNA of in four BPH resistance rice varieties through presence of four DNA sequences. The markers M1 were designed to amplify a 1485 bp, M2 (1541 bp), M3 (1025 bp), M4 (919 bp).

The results of amplification reactions were presented in Figures 2, 3, 4 and 5.

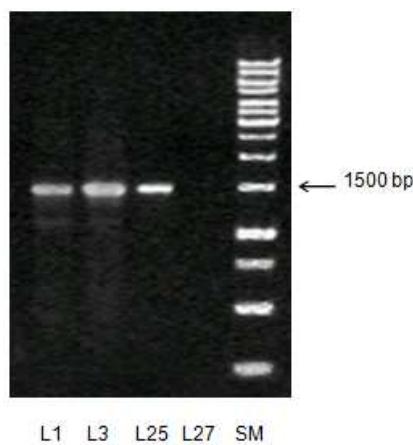


Figure 2. PCR products were amplified by M1 marker
SM: DNA marker (1kb DNA Ladder),
L1: IRRI 352, L3: BG 367-2, L25: Sai Duong Kien An, L27: Loc Nuoc

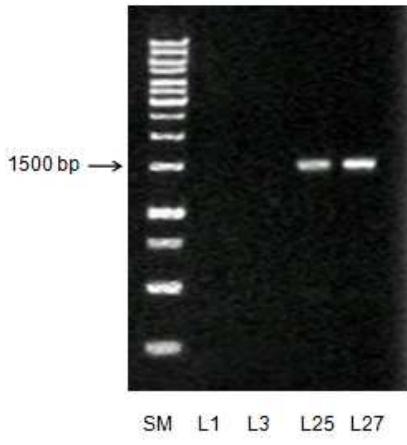


Figure 3. PCR products were amplified by M2 marker

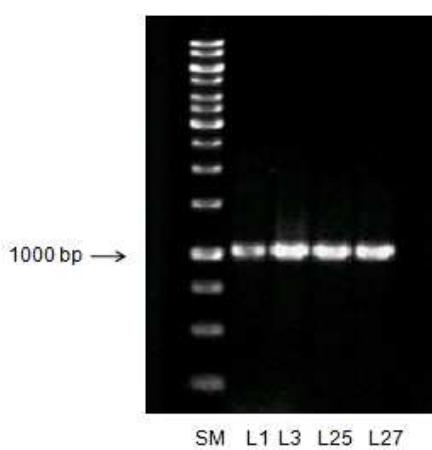


Figure 4. PCR products were amplified by M3 marker

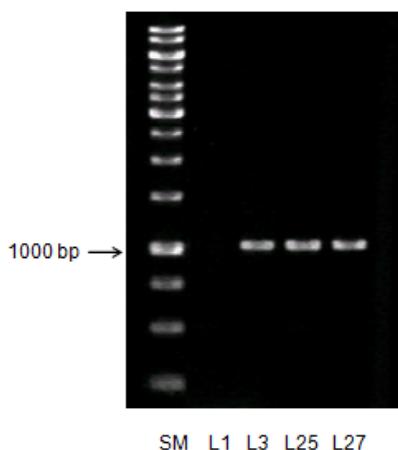


Figure 5. PCR products were amplified by M4 marker

The analysis of electrophoresis revealed that there were PCR products amplifying by primers M1, M2, M3 and M4 as expected.

Amplification of DNA from examined cultivars with the primer M1F/R gave rise approximate to 1500-bp product for IRRI 352, BG 367-2, and Sai Duong Kien An. Primer M2F/R gave rise approximate to 1500-bp product for Sai Duong Kien An and Loc nuoc. Primer M3F/R gave rise

approximate to 1000-bp product for four rice cultivars. Primer M4F/R gave rise approximate to 1000-bp product for BG 367-2, Sai Duong Kien An and Loc nuoc.

In rice cultivars, Sai Duong Kien An and Loc nuoc has four fragments. As a result, we came to the following conclusion Sai Duong Kien An and Loc nuoc cultivars contain the *bph14* gene on the genome.

Analysis of sequences of *bph14* gene

We cloned the PCR products amplified by specific primers of M1, M2, M3, M4 from Sai Duong Kien An cultivar into plasmids and analyzed their sequences. The overlapping sequences were ligated to a DNA fragment (4714 bp) called *bph14-25*. The nucleotide sequences homologized with corresponding regions in *bph14* gene (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov>, accession number: FJ941067.1) (Figure 6, 7).

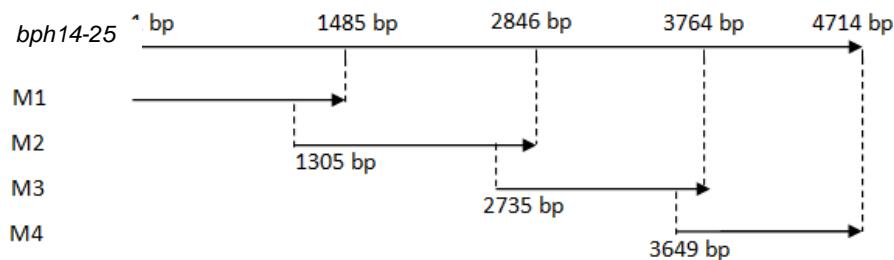


Figure 6. The length of *bph14-25* gen

Identities = 3981/4425 (90%), Gaps = 58/4425 (1%)

Query	475	ATGAAATGGAGGAAGACAGATTCTAAAATCTCGACCTTCTTGACATTGCCAACAC	534
Sbjct	478	ATGAAATGGAGGAAGACGGATTCTAAAATTCTGAACATTCTATGGACATTGCCAACAGA	537
Query	535	TCAAGAAAGGAAGATAAACAGGAGATTGTCAGCAGATTGCTGTTCCAGCCAGCGAAGGG	594
Sbjct	538	TCAAGAGAGGAAGACAGACAGAACAGAAGATTGTCAGTCATTGCTTCTCAAGCCAGCAATGGG	597
Query	595	GATCTCACTGTTCCCATTGTAGGAATggggggggATGGGCAAGACCACCTAGCGCAG	654
Sbjct	598	GATCTCACTGTTATTCCCATTGTAGGAATGGGGGGATGGGCAAGACCACCTAGCGCAG	657
Query	655	CTCATTTACAATGACCCCTGACATTCAAAGCATTTCAGTTGCTGCTCTGGGTGTGTT	714
Sbjct	658	CTCATTTACAATGACCCCTCAAATTCAAAGCATTTCAGTTGCTGCTCTGGGTGTGTC	717
Query	715	TCCGACAACCTCGATGTGGATTGCTGGCTAAAAGCATAGTTGAAGCAGCTCGAACACAG	774
Sbjct	718	TCTGACAACCTCGATGTGGATTGCTGGCAAAGCATAGTTGAAGCAGCTCGAACACAG	777
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Sbjct	778	AAGAACTGTAA---TGAAAG-----GGCTGAATTAAAGAAGTTGTG	816
Query	835	AGTGGGCAGAGGTACCTCCTCGTTTGGATGATGTCAGTGGAACCGTGATGCTCGTAAGTGG	894
Sbjct	817	AATGGGCAGAGGTTCCCTCCTCGTATTGGATGACGTCTGGAACCGTGAGGCTAGTAAGTGG	876
Query	895	GAAGCGCTCAAGTCTACCTTCAGCACGGTGGCAGCGTAGCTCAGTTGACAACAAC	954
Sbjct	877	GAAGCGCTCAAGTTCTACGTTCAGCATGGTGGCAGCGTAGCTCAGTTGACAACAACC	936
Query	955	CGTGATCAAGAAGTGGCTCAAGTGTGGCTCCAGCTCAAAAACCTTATGATCTCAAGAGA	1014
Sbjct	937	CGTGATAAAACAGTTGCTGAAATAATGGCTCCACCTAAAGAAGTTCATCTCAAG-GA	995
Query	1015	CT-GAAGGAAAGCTTCATAGAGGAATTATCAGGACAAGTGCTTCAGTTCACAAACAAGA	1073
Sbjct	996	CTTGAAATGAAAACCTTATAAAGGAAATTATCGAGAGAAGTGCTTCATTCAAGAAGAAGA	1055
Query	1074	---AAGGCCTCTGAGCTTCTCAAAATGGTGGTGTATTGCCAAGAAATGTTCTGGTTC	1130
Sbjct	1056	GAAAAGGCAATCTGAGCTACTCGAAATGGTGGTGTATTGCCAAGAAATGTTCTGGTTC	1115
Query	1131	CCCTTAGCTGCAACAGCATTGGCTCTACACTCGTAGAAGACCACCAAGAAAGAATG	1190
Sbjct	1116	CCCTTAGCTGCAACAGCATTGGCTCTACACTCGTAGAAGACCACCAAGAAAGAATG	1175
Query	1191	GGAGGCTATATTAAGCAGAACAGAACATTGCGATGAGGAAAATGGAATTTCACCAAAACT	1250
Sbjct	1176	GGAGGCTATATTAAGGAGAACAGAACATTGCGATGAGGAAAATGGAATTTCACCAAAACT	1235
Query	1251	CAAGCTCAGTTACAATTGCTTGCATCATATATGCCAATGCTTTCTTTGTGCAAT	1310
Sbjct	1236	AAAGCTTAGTTACAATTGCTTGCATCATATATGCCAATGCTTTCTGTGCTAT	1295
Query	1311	TTTCCCCAAGGATCATGAGATTGACGTGAAATGCTGATCCAGTTATGGATGCCAATGG	1370
Sbjct	1296	TTTTCCAAAGGATCATGTGATTGATGTTGAAATGTTGATCCAATTATGGATGCCAATTG	1355
Query	1371	TTTTATCCCAGAGCAACAAGGAGAGTGCCCTGAAATCATTGGAAAAGAATTTCAGTGA	1430
Sbjct	1356	TTTTATCCCAGAGCAACAAGGAGAGTGCCCTGAAATCAGTGGAAAAGAATTTCAGTGA	1415

Query	1431	GTTGGTGTCAAGGTCACTTTTCAGGATGCGAAAGGGATCCGTTGAGTTCCATGATAT 	1490
Sbjct	1416	GTTGGTGTCAAGGTCACTTTTCAGGATGCGAAAGGGATCCGTTGAGTTCCATGATAT 	1475
Query	1491	AAAGAACTCTAAGATTACTTGTAAAGATCCATGACCTTATGCATGATGTTGCACAATCCTC 	1550
Sbjct	1476	AAAGAACTCTAAGATTACTGCTAAGATCCATGATCTTATGCATGATGTTGCACAATCCTC 	1535
Query	1551	CATGGAAAAGAATGCGCTGCTATAGATAACAGAAGTTAGTAAAAGTGAGGATTTCCTTA 	1610
Sbjct	1536	CATGGAAAAGAATGCGCTGCCATAGATTCAAGAAAGTATTGGAAGTGAGGACTCCCTTA 	1595
Query	1611	TTCTGCTGCCATCTATTTTGTCAAGGTGATAGACCAGAAGCTATTGGACTCCTCCCC 	1670
Sbjct	1596	TTCCGCTGCCATTATTTTGTCAAGGTGATAGACCAGAAGTTATTCTTAATTCTTCCCCT 	1655
Query	1671	AGAGAAAGGATATCCAGGTATCCAAACATTAATATGTT-CACGTTCA--AATATTGCA 	1727
Sbjct	1656	AGAGAAAGGATATCCCGGTATCCAAACATTGATATATTACTCGAAAAATGAAGATTACA 	1715
Query	1728	GAATGTATCAAAATACAGGTCAATTGCGAGTATTAACAACGATGTGGAAAGGTTCATCCT 	1787
Sbjct	1716	GAATTTATCAAAATACAGGTCAATTGCGAGCATTAGA---GATCTGGGAGGTATAATCCT 	1772
Query	1788	GATACCAAAATATCATCATCACCTGAGGTATCTGATCTCAGAAAGTGAATTAAAGC 	1847
Sbjct	1773	GAAACCAAAATATCATCATCACCTGAGGTATCTGATCTCATGGAGTGAATTAAAGC 	1832
Query	1848	ACTTCCTGAAGACATAAGCATCCTATATCATTTGCAAACATTGAACCTTCCGTTGTT 	1907
Sbjct	1833	ACTTCCTGAAGACATAAGCATCCTATATCATCTGCAAACGCTGAACCTTCCACTGTAG 	1892
Query	1908	ATCTCTCCGTCGACTTCCAAGGGAAATGAAGTACATGACCGCCCTCCGTCACTTGTACAC 	1967
Sbjct	1893	CAATCTTCATCGACTTCCAAGGGAAACGAAGTACATGACTGCCCTCCGTCACCTGTACAC 	1952
Query	1968	TCACGGATGTTGGAGTTAGGAAGCATGCCTCCTGACCTCGGACACCTCACTTGCCTACA 	2027
Sbjct	1953	TCACGGATGTTGGAGGTTAAAAGCATGCCTCCGAACCTCGGACACCTCACTTGCCTACA 	2012
Query	2028	GACGCTTACATGCTTGTAGCCGGTACTTGCTCTGGCTGCAGTGATTGGAGAGCTGCG 	2087
Sbjct	2013	GACGCTTACATGCTTGTAGCTGGCTTGCTCTGGCTGCAGTGATTGGAGAGCTGCG 	2072
Query	2088	GCAGTTGGACCTTGGTGGTCGACTAGAGCTAACGAAAAGTGACAAAGCTGA 	2147
Sbjct	2073	GCAGTCGGACCTTGGTGGTCGACTAGAGCTAACACAACGAAAAGTGACAAAGCTGA 	2132
Query	2148	TGCAAAAGCAGCAAATCTCGAAAGAAGGAAAAACTGACCAAATTGACCTTAATATGGAC 	2207
Sbjct	2133	TGCAAAAGCAGCAAATCTCGAAAGAAGGAAAAACTGACCGAATTGAGCTTAGGATGGC 	2192
Query	2208	TGATCAGGAGTACAAGGAGGCACAGAGTAATAATCATAAAGAGGTGCTGGAAAGGTCTCAC 	2267
Sbjct	2193	TGATCAGGAGTACAAGGAGGCACAGAGTAATAATCATAAAGAGGTGCTGGAAAGGTCTCAT 	2252
Query	2268	GCCTCACGAGGGGCTCAAGGTTCTGAGTATATACACTGTGGGAGCAGTACATGTCCAAC 	2327
Sbjct	2253	GCCTCACGAGGGGCTCAAGGTTCTGAGTATATAGCTGTGGGAGCAGTACATGTCCAAC 	2312
Query	2328	TTGGATGAATAAACTGCGGGACATGGTGGGCTTGAGTTAAATGGTTGCAAAATCTCGA 	2387

Sbjct	2313	GTGGATGAATAACTGCGGGACATGGTGAAGCTTAAGTTATATGGTGCAAAATCTCAA	2372
Query	2388	GAAGCTTCCTCCGGTGTGGCAGCTACCGGCTCTACAAGTTCTTGCCCTGGAAGGACTGGG 	2447
Sbjct	2373	GAAGCTTCCTCCATTGTGGCAGCTGACAGCTCTAGAAGTTCTTGCCCTGGAAGGACTGGA	2432
Query	2448	TAGTTTAAATTTGCTTGTCAACTGTGacacacacacacCCITCACATTGCAAGACTGAA 	2507
Sbjct	2433	TAGTGTAAATTGCTTGTCAACAGTGGCACACACACCCCCTTAAATTCTGCAGACTGAA	2492
Query	2508	GGAGCTAACCTTGTCTGATATGACAAATTGAGACATGGTGGGACACAAATGAGGTACA 	2567
Sbjct	2493	GAAGCTTAACGTGTGATATGAAAAATTGAGACATGGTGGGACACAAATGAGGTAAA	2552
Query	2568	AGGAGAAGAGCTGATTTCTGAGGTTGAAAGCTGTCAATCGAAAGTTGCCATAGGCT 	2627
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Query	2628	AACTGCCTTGCCAAAAGCATCAAATGCGATTTCAGAATCGTCCGGGAAGTTAGCACCCT 	2687
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Query	2748	GAAATGGGAGGCAGTCGATGAACTCCAAGGGAGGAGGAAACATTCTCAGCTTGACAA 	2807
Sbjct	2724	GAAATGGGAGGCAGTCGATGAACTCAAAGGGAGGAGGAAACATTCTCAGCTTGACAA	2783
Query	2808	ATTAGAAATCAGACAGTGCCTAGAGCTGACTACTCTACCTGAAGCACCAAAGCTAAGTGA 	2867
Sbjct	2784	ATTAGTAATCGGACGGTGCCCAGAATTGACTACTCTACCTAAAGCACCAAAGCTAAGTGA	2843
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Query	3108	TCTGTGGACATGTTTGCTCAGCTCCTAGATCTGAAAATTGGTATGTTGATGCGCTTGT 	3167
Sbjct	3084	TCTGTGGACATGTTTGCTCAGCTCCTAGATCTGAAAATTAGCCAAGTCGATGCGCTTGT	3143
Query	3168	CAGCTGGCCAGAAGAGGTGTTCCAGGGCTTAGTTCTTGAGGAAGTTAGAGATTCTGT 	3227
Sbjct	3144	CGACTGGCCAGAAGGGTGTCCGGGCTTGGTTCTTGAGGAAGTTACATATTGTTCA	3203
Query	3228	ATGCGAGAATCTGACAGGACACACACAAGCTCGTGGCAATCTACACCCGACCAAGTGA 	3287
Sbjct	3204	ATGCAAGAATCTGACAGGACTCACAGCAGCTCGTGGCAATCTACACCCGACCATGTGA	3263
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Sbjct	3264	ACTCCTGCCACGTTGGAGTCCTAGAGATAAAACCATTGTGATTCTTTGTAGAGGTCCC	3323
Query	3348	CAATCTACCGCGTCTCTCAAGCTATTAGAAATTAGGGGGTCCCCCGGCCTGGAGTCCAT	3407
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Query	3408	CGTATTCAATCAGCAGCAGGATAGGACGATGTTGGTGAGTGCAGAAAGCTTGAGAGCA	3467
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Sbjct	3441	GGACAAGTCA---TTAACATCAGGGTCCACCAGCGAGACCAAGCGATCACGTCCTTCACG	3497
Query	3528	CCTAGAACTCTTGTAAATAATTGGTGCATCGTTGGAGGTTCTCATCTTCCTCGTC	3587
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Sbjct	3618	TGCCGTTCGAGCATTAAATATCAGCTGTTGGGGAGCTTCAAATCACTGGAATCTGCTT	3677
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Sbjct	3738	GCCGAAGGGGCCTCAAGCATACTCATCTTACATCTCTTGAAATCGTTATTGTTCTGG	3797
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Sbjct	3858	AGATGCCTGCTATGAAGGTAATCTTCAGTTCTAACCGTGTACGATTTAGTGGTAAAG	3917
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Sbjct	3918	TTTCGAGCGTGGTGTAGAACCCCTAGTCACCATTAAATGATTATGTACATAGAG	3977
Query	4008	TACAATGCGCATTCAACTCACTTCTGCAGCTGTGTCATCTAACCCCTTAAACTTTGA	4067
Sbjct	3978	TACAATGCGCATTCAACTCACTTCTGCAGCTGTGTCATCTAACCCCTTAAACTTTGA	4037
Query	4068	GTTGCATTGGGTATCTAACCGCATGCAAAGGAATTAGTTAGTATCTCCCGTAGCCATT	4127
Sbjct	4038	GTTGCATTGGGTATCTAACCGCATGCAAAGGAATTAGTGTATCTCCAGTAGCCATT	4097
Query	4128	CTTATATGTGATGATCTCTTGTGATTATGCTTAGTTGGACTATGTAATTAA-T	4186
Sbjct	4098	CTTATATATGTGATGATCTCTTGTGATTATGCTTAGTTGGACTATGTAATTAAATT	4157
Query	4187	TTTGCCGGGT-GACTATGTAATTACATGACTTCATTAGTCGCCAGGTGTGGCATCATGC	4245
Sbjct	4158	TTGCCGGGTGACTATGTAATTACATGACTTCATTAGTCGCCAGGTGTGGCATCATGC	4217

Query	4246	AATTATTATGGCAAAGCTGTATTAGTCATGATCGAAGCCACTTGGTGAACTTATTCCCTG 	4305
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Query	4366	TAAATTGCAGAGCTAACTAACGCAGCGCTTGTCTTACATTCT 	4410
Sbjct	4338	TAAATTCGAGAGCTAACTAACGCAGCGCTTGTCTTACATTCT 	4382

Figure 7. Nucleotide sequence of *bph14-25* gene

CONCLUSION

Sai Duong Kien An and Loc Nuoc were cultivated and studied in Thua Thien Hue province. We tested their capacity BPH resistance to BPH populations in Thua Thien Hue, the results showed that two rice varieties resisted to BPH. This study revealed that *bph14-25* gene was detected in Sai Duong Kien An and Loc Nuoc cultivars, and nucleotide sequence of *bph14-25* was similar to nucleotide sequence of *bph14* (90%). These rice varieties are the important materials for growing and regenerating of the BPH resistant rice varieties with high yield in Thua Thien Hue.

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